


Altintas, Y., 2013, Subsurface sequence stratigraphy of Boggy Formation (middle Pennsylvanian), McIntosh County, Oklahoma: Tulsa, OK, University of Tulsa, unpublished M.S. thesis.


Andrews, R.D., 2002, Bypassed gas production in a recently discovered Hartshorne gas reservoir and recognition of important reservoir facies, Arkoma Basin, Oklahoma, in


Bennison, A.P., 1993, Base line sequence stratigraphy, Arkoma basin to Chautauqua Arch (abstract): GSA Abstracts with Programs, v. 25, no. 1, p. 3.


Comer, J.B., 2008, Woodford Shale in southern Midcontinent, USA—Transgressive system tract marine source rocks on an arid passive continental margin with persistent oceanic upwelling: AAPG Annual Convention, San Antonio, TX, poster, 3 panels. https://scholarworks.iu.edu/dspace/handle/2022/3263


Firat, S., 2013, Subsurface sequence stratigraphy of a part of Cherokee Group, Boggy and Senora Formations, northeast Oklahoma: Tulsa, OK, University of Tulsa, unpublished M.S. thesis.


Frezon, S.E., 1962, Correlation of Paleozoic rocks from Coal County, Oklahoma, to Sebastian County, Arkansas: OGS Circular 58, 53 p.

Friedman, S.A., 1982, Map showing potentially strippable coal beds in eastern Oklahoma: OGS GM-23, four sheets.


Hanley, K.D., 2008, Sequence stratigraphy and correlation of middle Cherokee Group cyclothems (middle Pennsylvanian, early Desmoinesian) from Oklahoma to Iowa: Iowa City, Iowa, University of Iowa, unpublished PhD dissertation, 163 p.


Honess, C.W., 1927, Geology of Atoka County, Oklahoma: OGS Bulletin 40-R.
Houseknecht, D.W., M.O. Woods, and P.H. Kastens, 1989, Transition from passive margin to foreland basin sedimentation: the Atoka Formation of the Arkoma basin,


Ireland, H.A., and J.H. Warren, 1946, Maps of northeastern Oklahoma and parts of adjacent states showing the thickness and subsurface distribution of Lower


Knechtel, M.M., 1949, Geology and coal and natural gas resources of northern Le Flore County, Oklahoma: OGS Bulletin 68, 76 p. (structure map, plate II)


Oakes, M.C., 1977, Geology and mineral resources (exclusive of petroleum) of Muskogee County, Oklahoma: OGS Bulletin 122, 78 p.


Orgren, A.H., 1979, Lithostratigraphy and depositional environments of the Pitkin Limestone and Fayetteville Shale (Chesterian) in portions of Wagoner, Cherokee,


Puche, E.E., 2009, Middle Boggy Formation (Middle Pennsylvanian) sedimentology and sequence stratigraphy: Tulsa, OK, University of Tulsa, unpublished M.S. thesis.


Roth, S.M., 1991, Regional stratigraphic analysis of the Blackjack Creek Limestone (Desmoinesian, Middle Pennsylvanian) in southeast Kansas and northeast Oklahoma: Manhattan, Kansas State University, unpublished M.S. thesis.


Saleh, A.A., 2008, Upper Atoka transgressive and highstand systems tracts: Delineating the upper Atoka in the Arkoma Basin, Oklahoma, in N.H. Suneson, I. Çemen, and


Sutherland, P.K., and W.L. Manger, eds., 1979, Mississippian-Pennsylvanian shelf-to-basin transition, Ozark and Ouachita regions, Oklahoma and Arkansas: OGS Guidebook 18, 81 p.

Sutherland, P.K., 1981, Mississippian and Lower Pennsylvanian stratigraphy in Oklahoma: Oklahoma Geology Notes, v. 41, p. 3-22.


Sutherland, P.K., and W.L. Manger, 1988, Carbonate platform facies of the Morrowan Series (Lower Pennsylvanian), northeastern Oklahoma and northwestern Arkansas,


Weaver, O.D., Jr., 1955, Geology and mineral resources of Hughes County, Oklahoma: OGS Bulletin 70, 150 p.


White, D., 1915, Some relations in origin between coal and petroleum: Journal of the Washington Academy of Sciences, v. 5, p. 189-212. (p. 199, isocarb map)


White, P.B., 1990, Boggy-Thurman (Middle Pennsylvanian) relationships – sedimentological evidence in the Arkoma basin, Oklahoma, for the time of recurrent uplift in the Ouachita fold belt: OCGS Shale Shaker, v. 40, p. 142-161.


Wilson, L.R., 1961, Palynological fossil response to low-grade metamorphism in the Arkoma basin: Tulsa Geological Society Digest, v. 29, p. 131-140.


