

# **Canawoodford Shale Play, Anadarko Basin: The Effects of Mudrock Lithologies and Mechanical Stratigraphy on Completion and Production**

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**Cimarex Energy Co., Tulsa, OK**

2013 OK Shale Gas and Oil  
November 20, 2013 Norman, OK





A close-up photograph of a fractured rock surface, likely limestone or a similar sedimentary rock. The rock is heavily fractured into irregular, angular blocks. The color is a mix of light tan, beige, and grey, with some darker brown staining or mineral deposits. A coin, likely a US quarter, is placed on the rock surface in the upper right quadrant to provide a sense of scale. The coin is oriented vertically, showing the profile of George Washington.

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

**Cimarex Energy Co.**

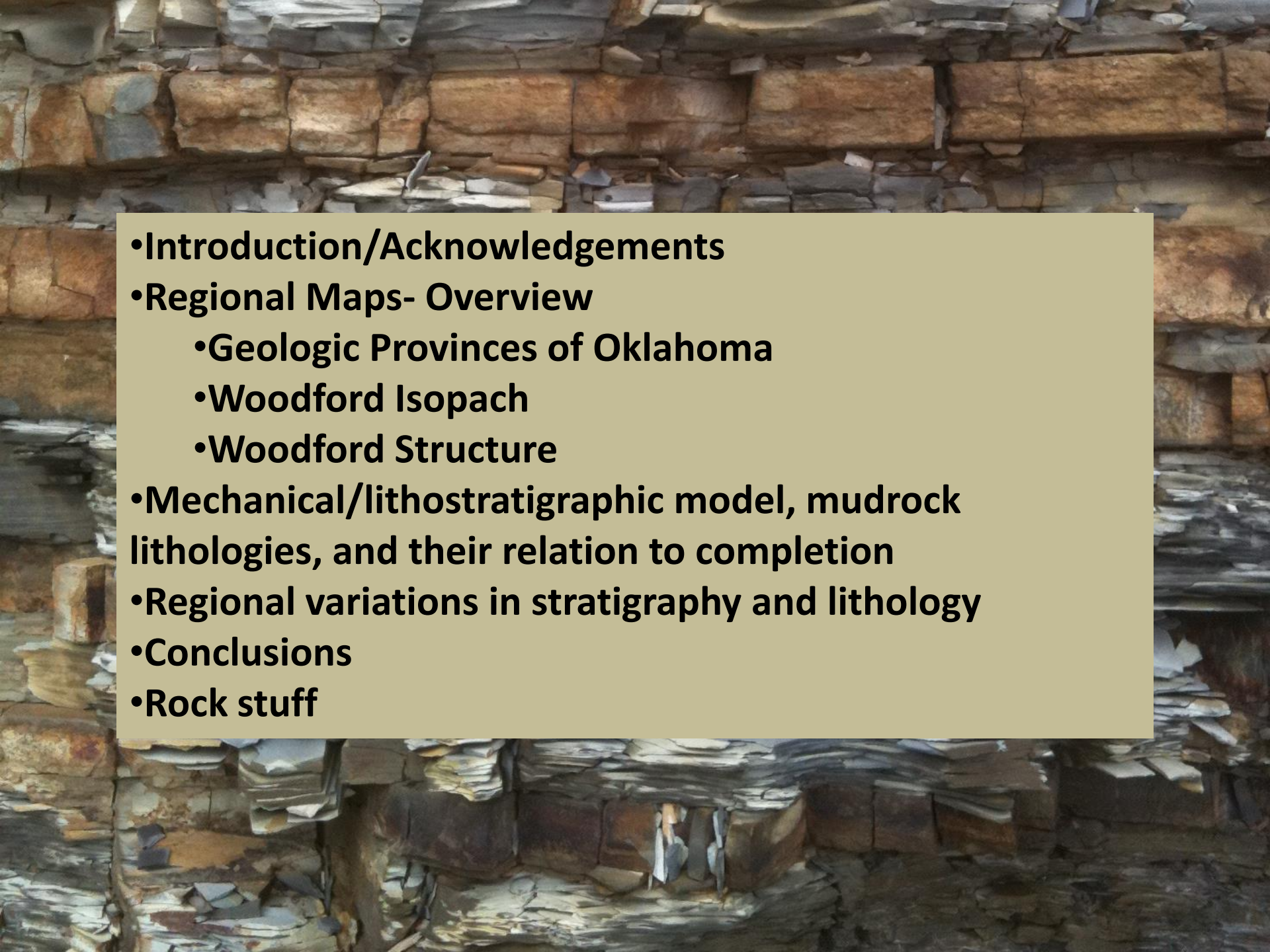
**Devon Energy Corp.**

**Weatherford**

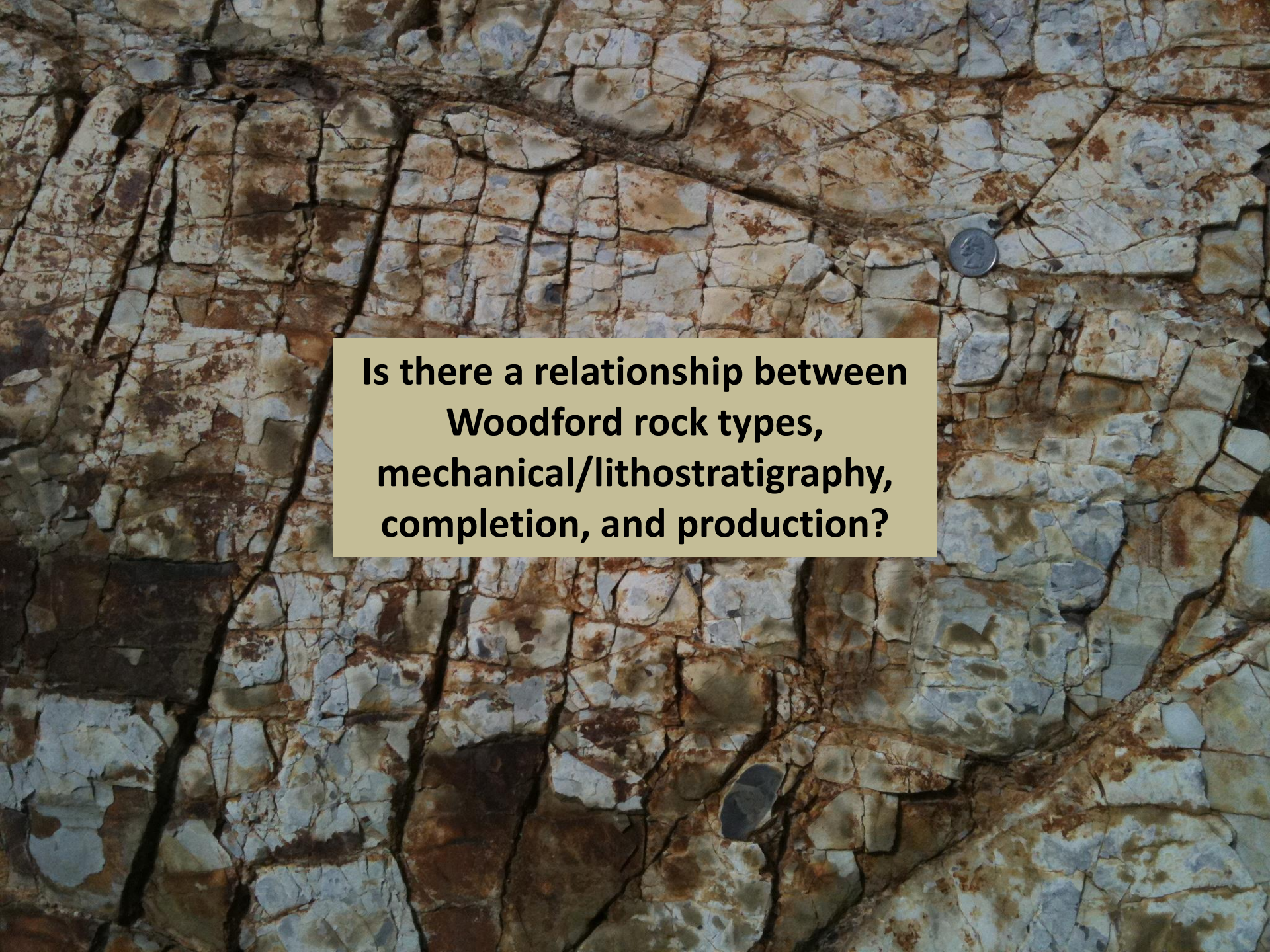
**Terra Tek Inc.**

**Lynn Adams-Cimarex Energy**



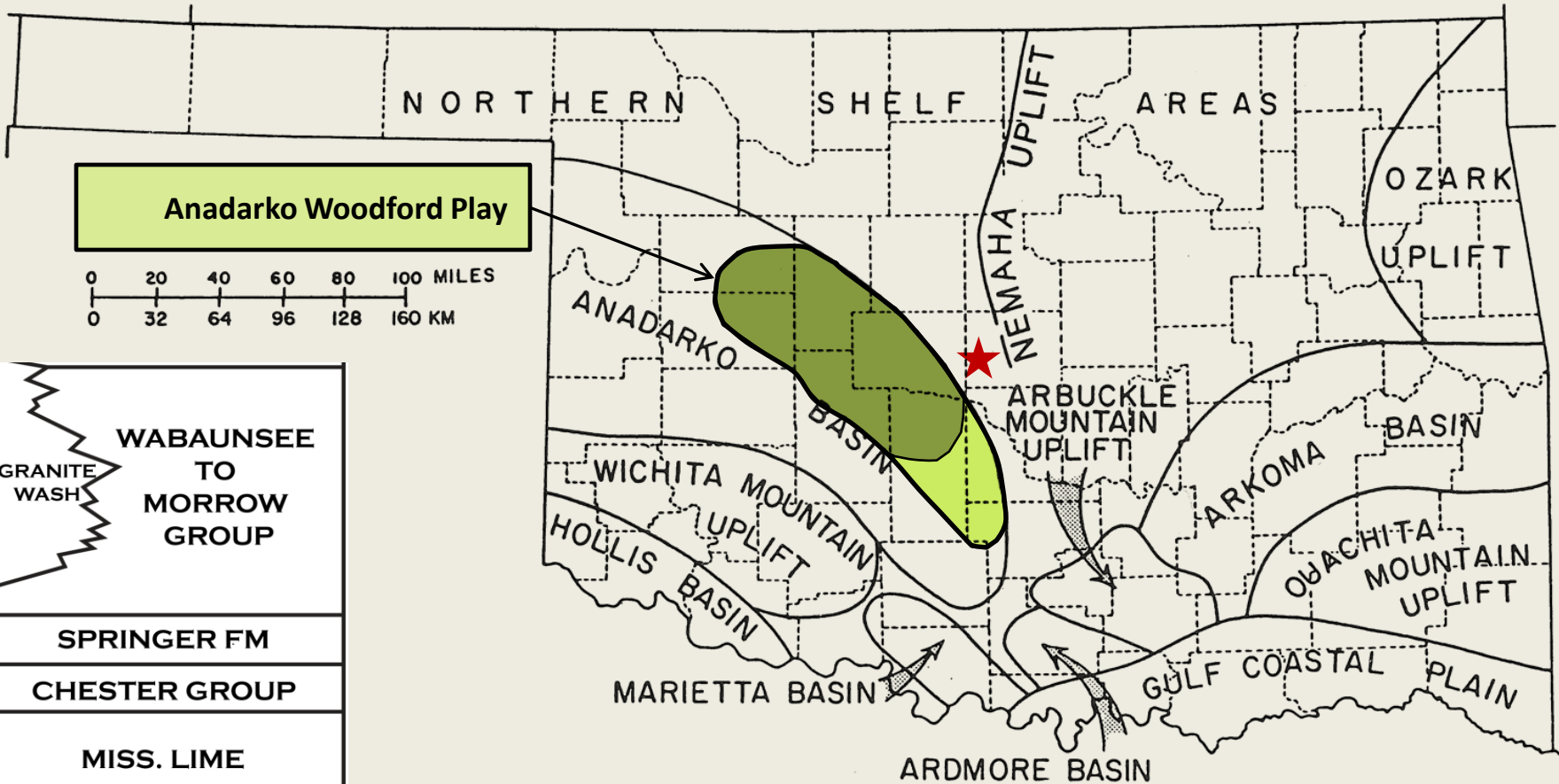
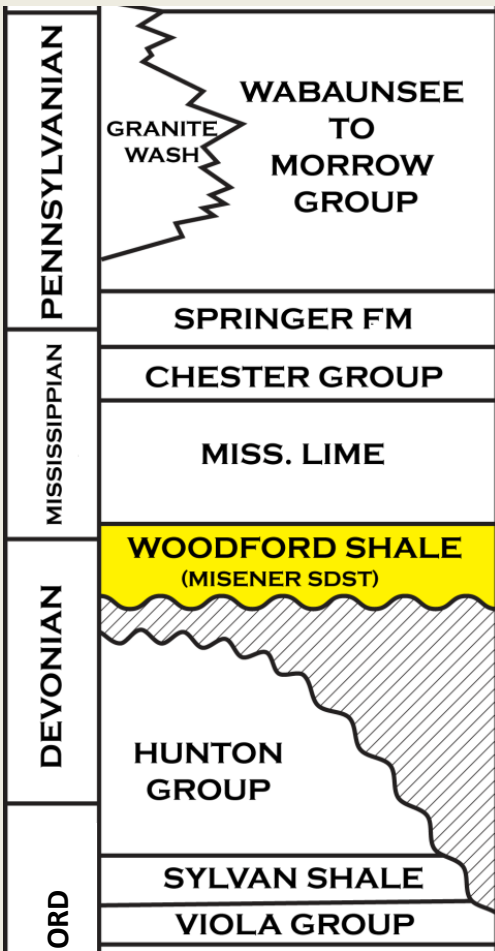
- 
- **Introduction/Acknowledgements**
  - **Regional Maps- Overview**
    - **Geologic Provinces of Oklahoma**
    - **Woodford Isopach**
    - **Woodford Structure**
  - **Mechanical/lithostratigraphic model, mudrock lithologies, and their relation to completion**
  - **Regional variations in stratigraphy and lithology**
  - **Conclusions**
  - **Rock stuff**



A close-up photograph of a rock surface, likely a sedimentary rock, showing a complex network of fractures and bedding planes. The rock is light-colored, possibly tan or beige, with some darker, reddish-brown staining. A coin is placed on the right side of the image to provide a sense of scale. The fractures are mostly vertical and horizontal, creating a grid-like pattern. The bedding planes are also visible, showing some layering. The overall appearance is that of a well-developed fracture network in a rock sample.

**Is there a relationship between  
Woodford rock types,  
mechanical/lithostratigraphy,  
completion, and production?**

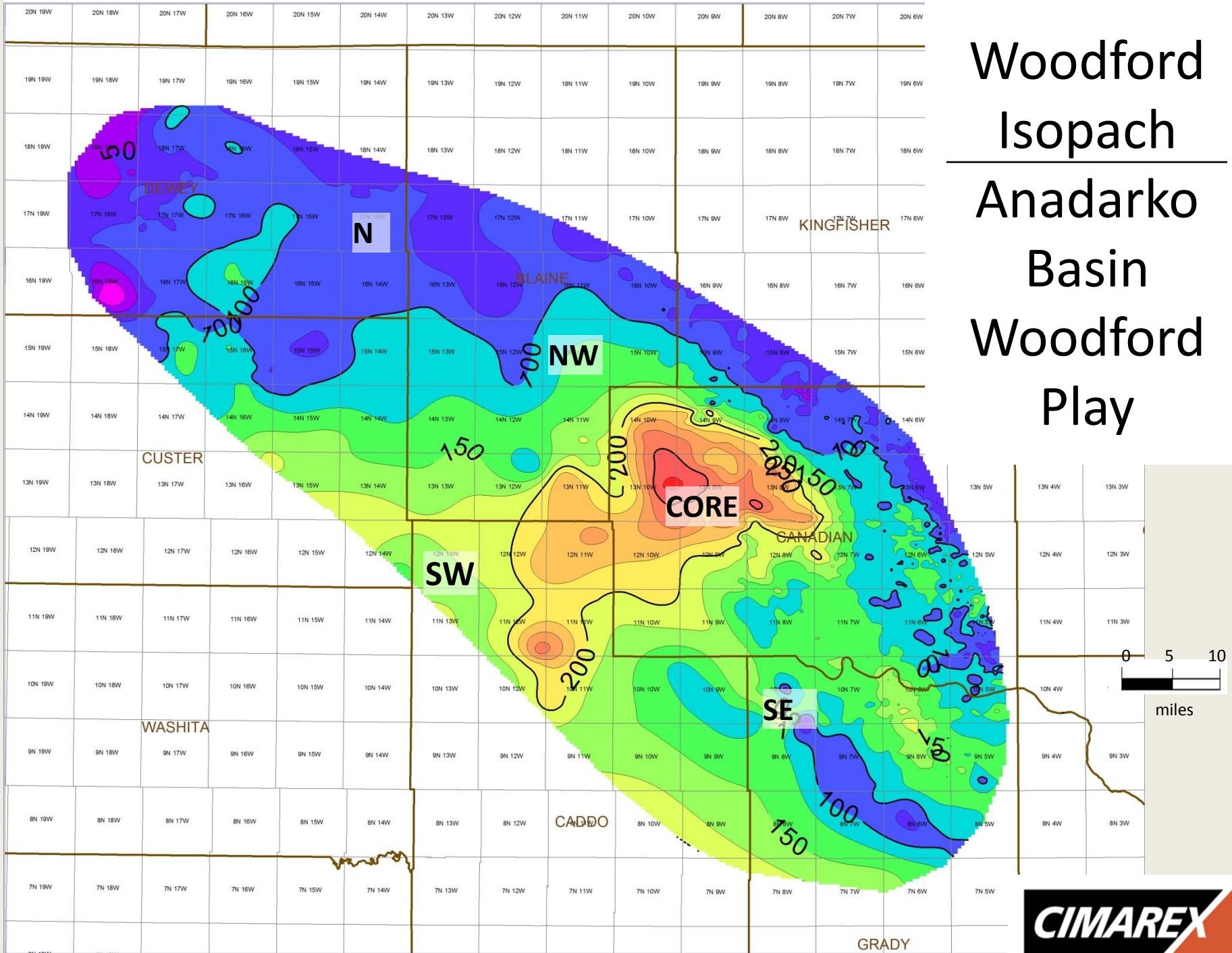




# STRAT COLUMN AND MAJOR GEOLOGIC PROVINCES OF OKLAHOMA

\*After Johnson et al (2000)

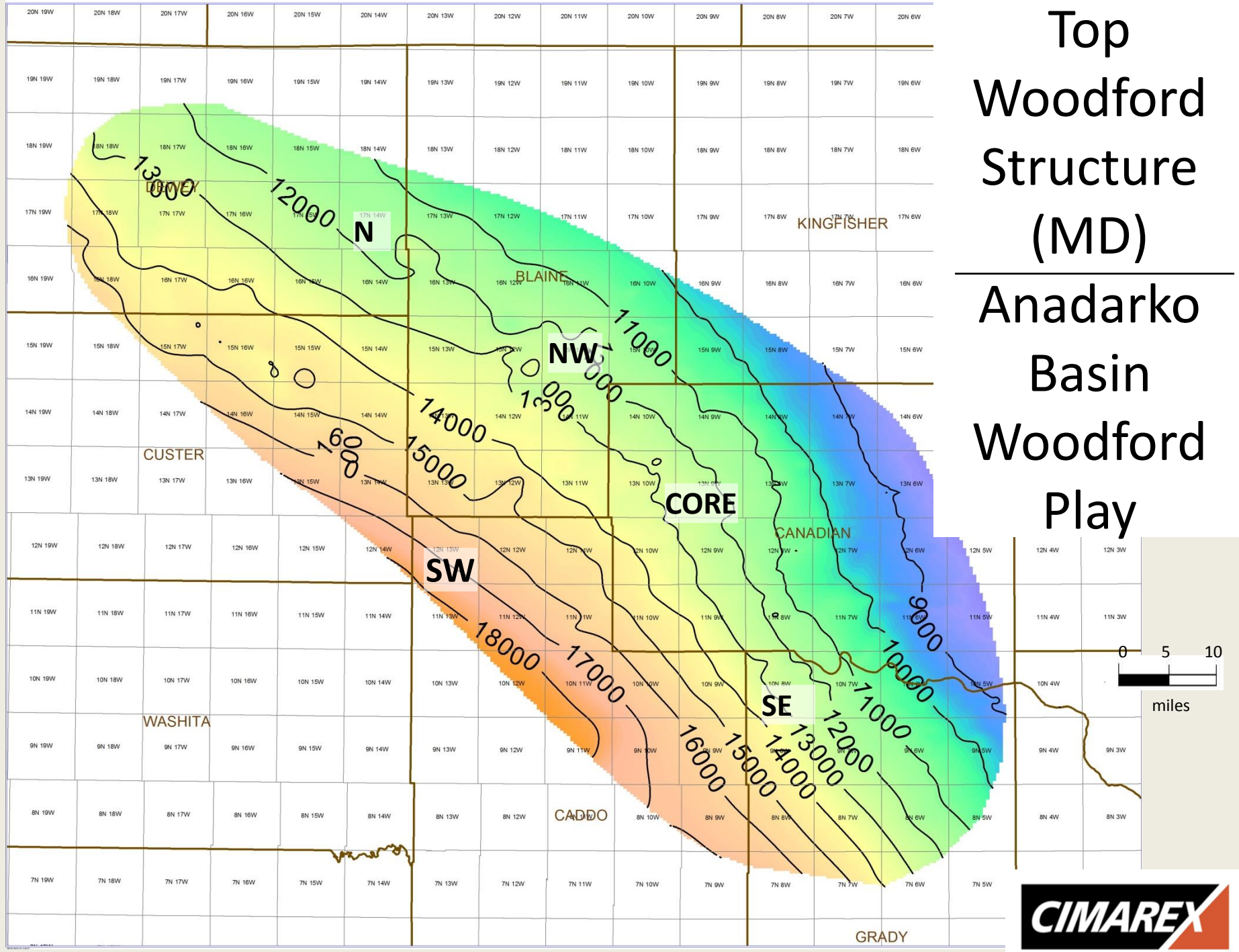
# Woodford Isopach Anadarko Basin Woodford Play



# Top Woodford Structure (MD)

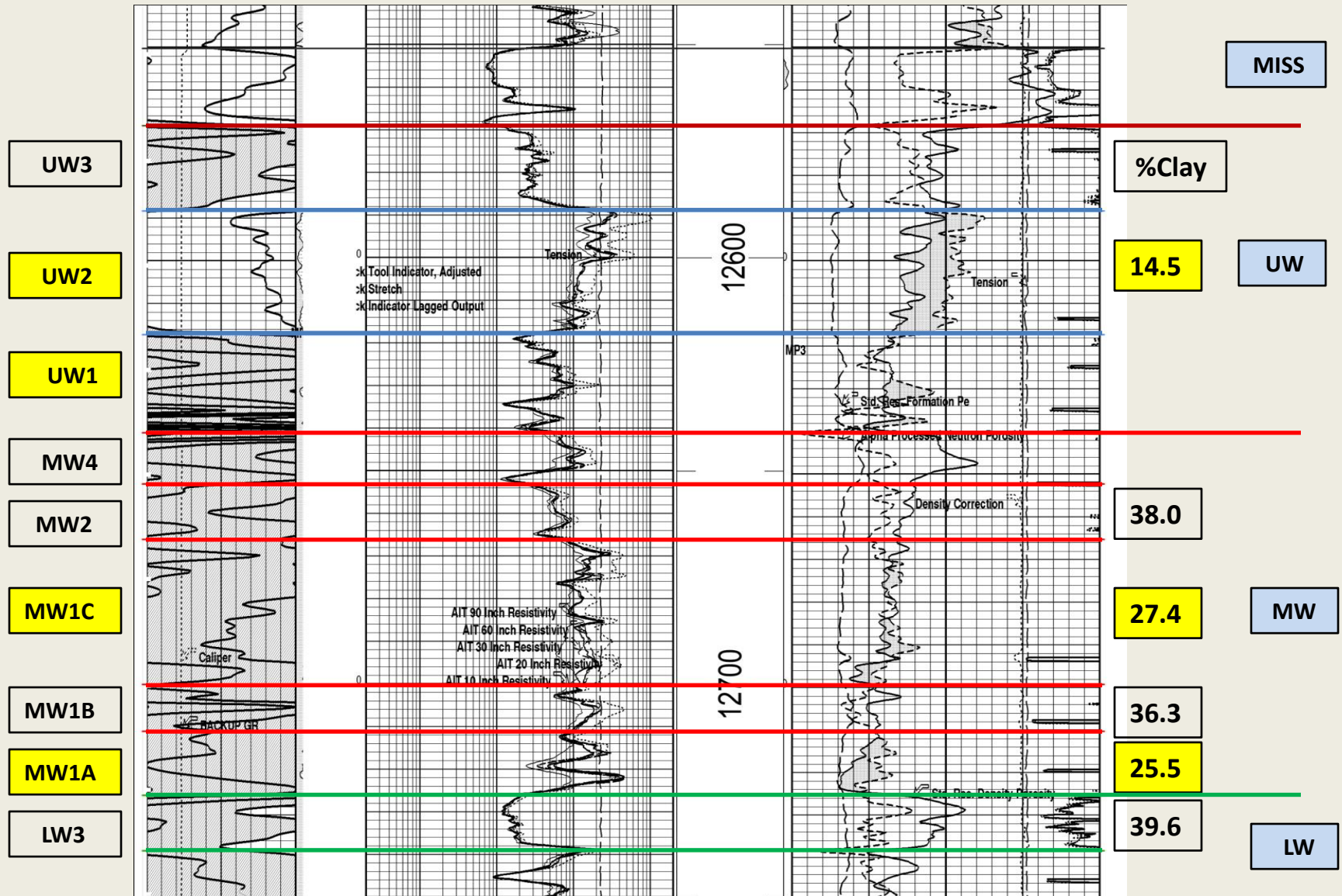
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## Anadarko Basin Woodford Play





# Type Log from Core Area Showing Lithostratigraphy and % Clay for Middle & Upper Woodford





# Woodford Rock Types

## Anadarko Basin Woodford Play

ROCK TYPE	% QUARTZ	% CLAY	% TOC	% GAS-FILLED POROSITY	PR <sub>v</sub>	Brittleness Index*
Siliceous mudrock	75.2	14.5	4.86	5.4	0.155	0.75
Clayey, siliceous mudrock	54.8	27.4	6.43	6.8	0.164	0.55
Clayey mudrock	40.6	38	5.97	5.6	0.192	0.41
Organic-poor, clayey mudrock	27.3	52.4	0.6	1.8	0.25	0.27

\*B.I.=Quartz/Qtz+Carbonates+Clay

(Sondergeld et. al., 2010)

**Anadarko Woodford Mineralogy (XRD)**  
**and Rock Types**

QUARTZ  
(and feldspar)

**Siliceous mudrock**

**Clayey mudrock**

**Clayey, siliceous  
mudrock**

**Organic-poor,  
clayey mudrock**

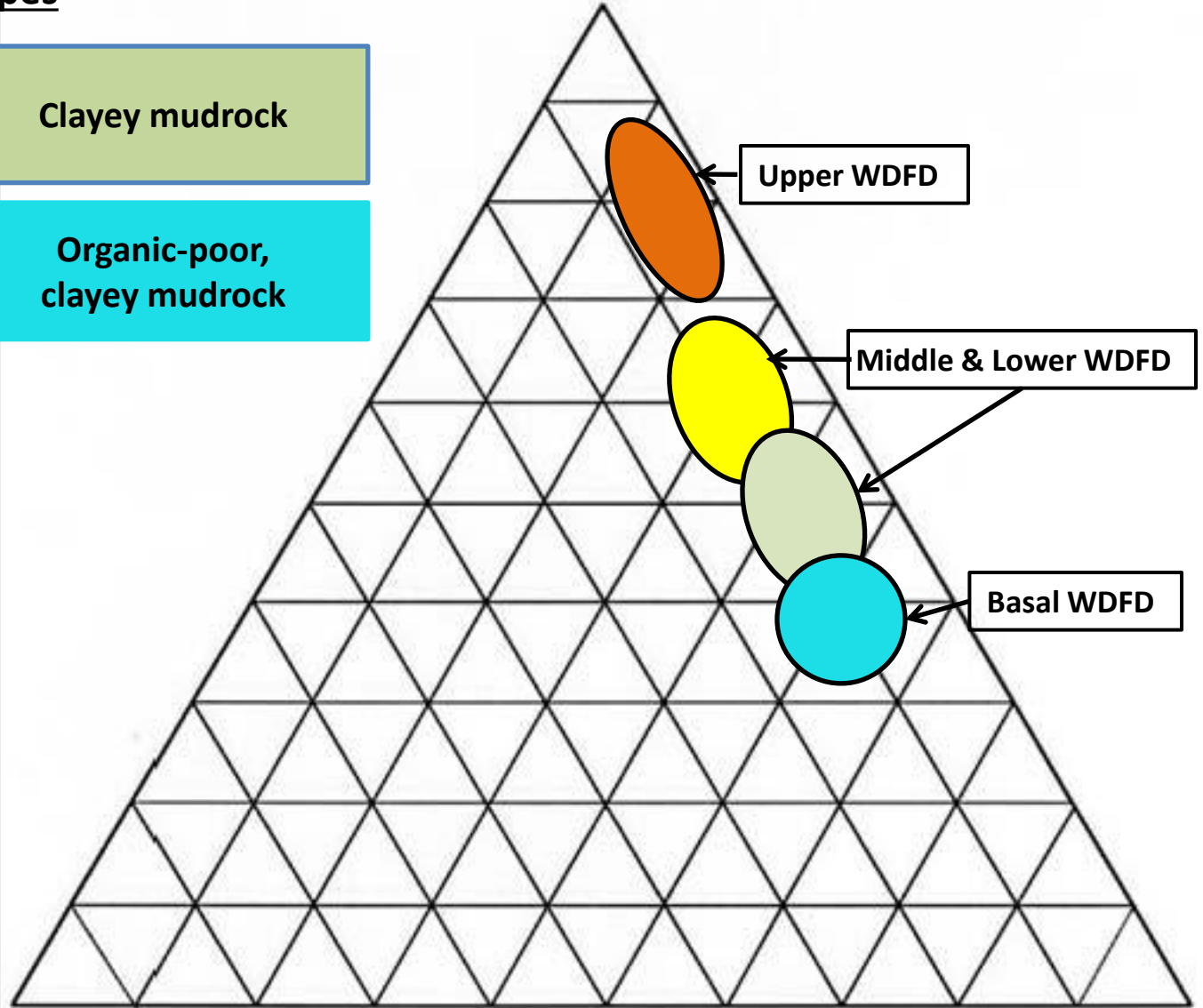
Upper WDFD

Middle & Lower WDFD

Basal WDFD

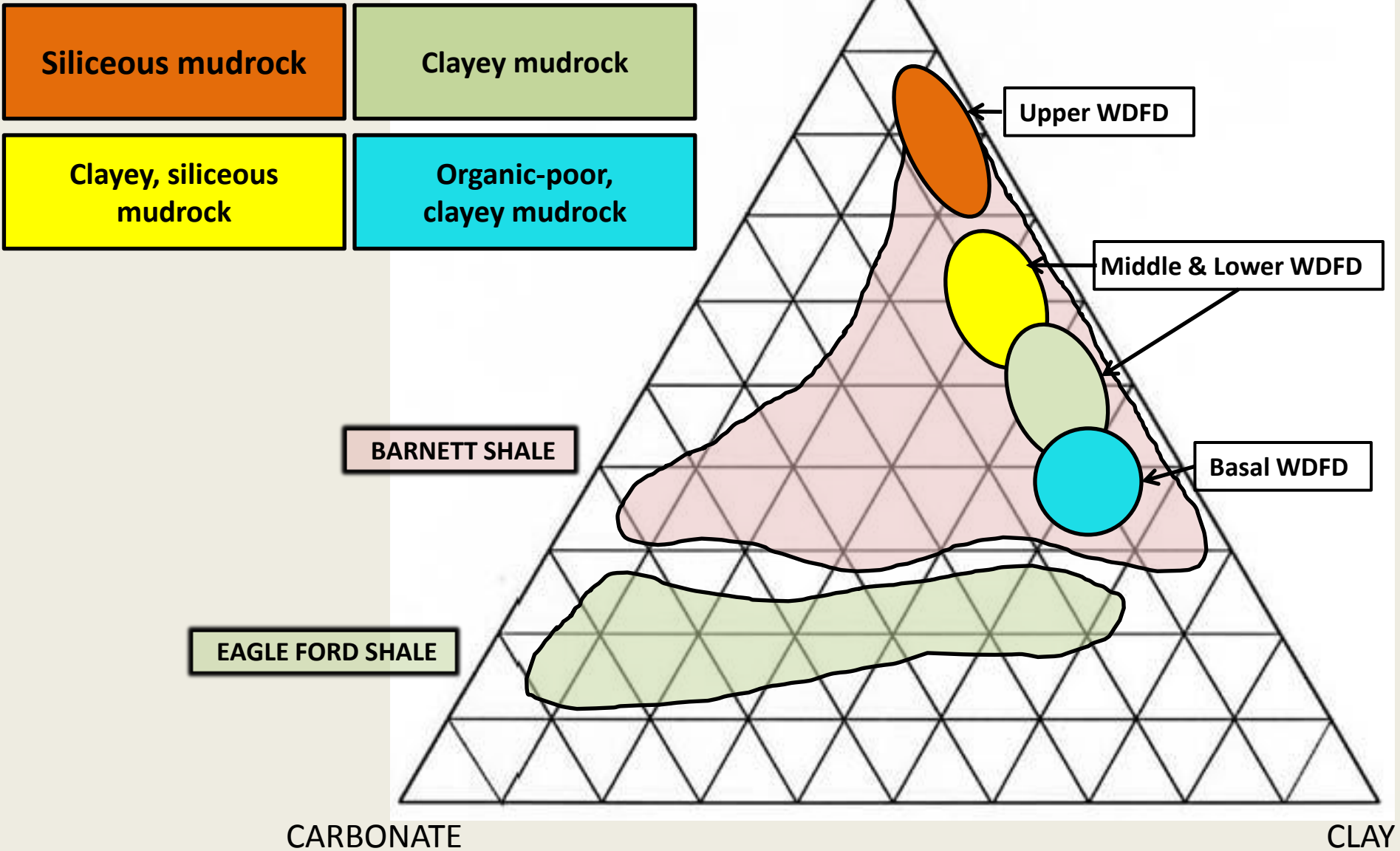
DOLOMITE  
and PYRITE

CLAY

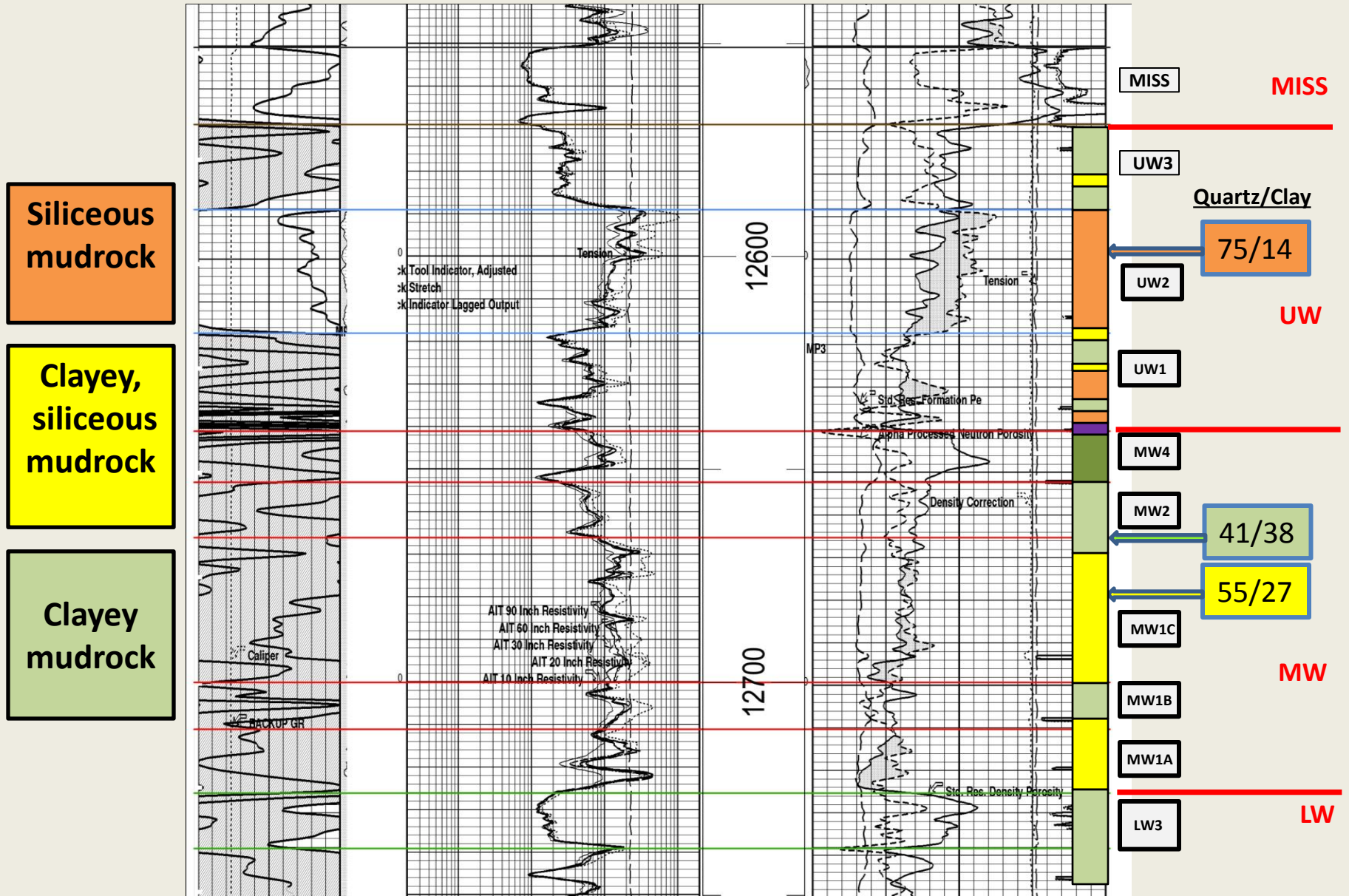




**Anadarko Woodford Mineralogy (XRD)**  
**and Rock Types**

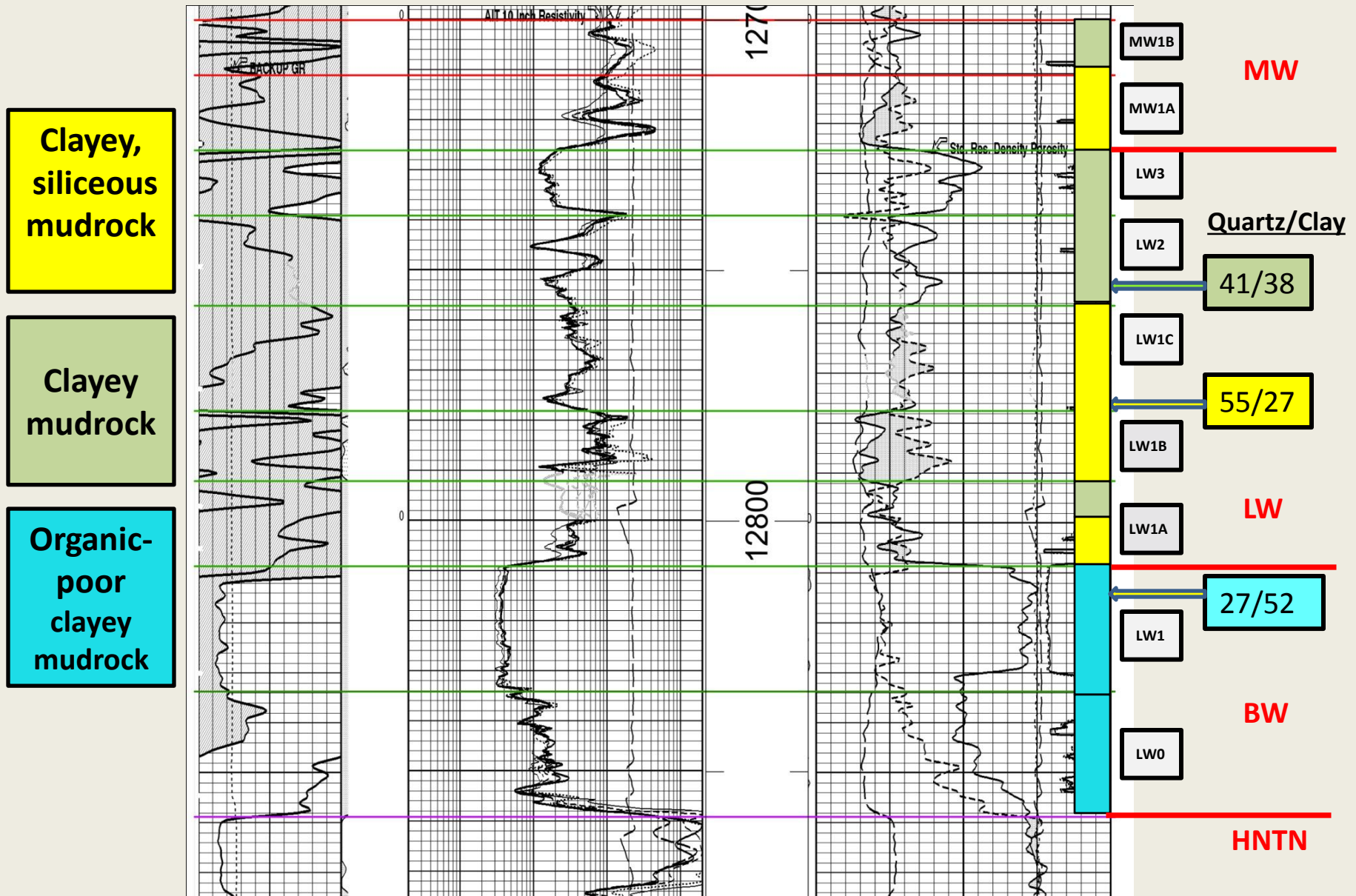


# Middle and Upper Woodford Lithostratigraphy, Anadarko Woodford Play – Core Area





# Basal, Lower, & Middle Woodford Lithostratigraphy, Anadarko Woodford Play – Core Area



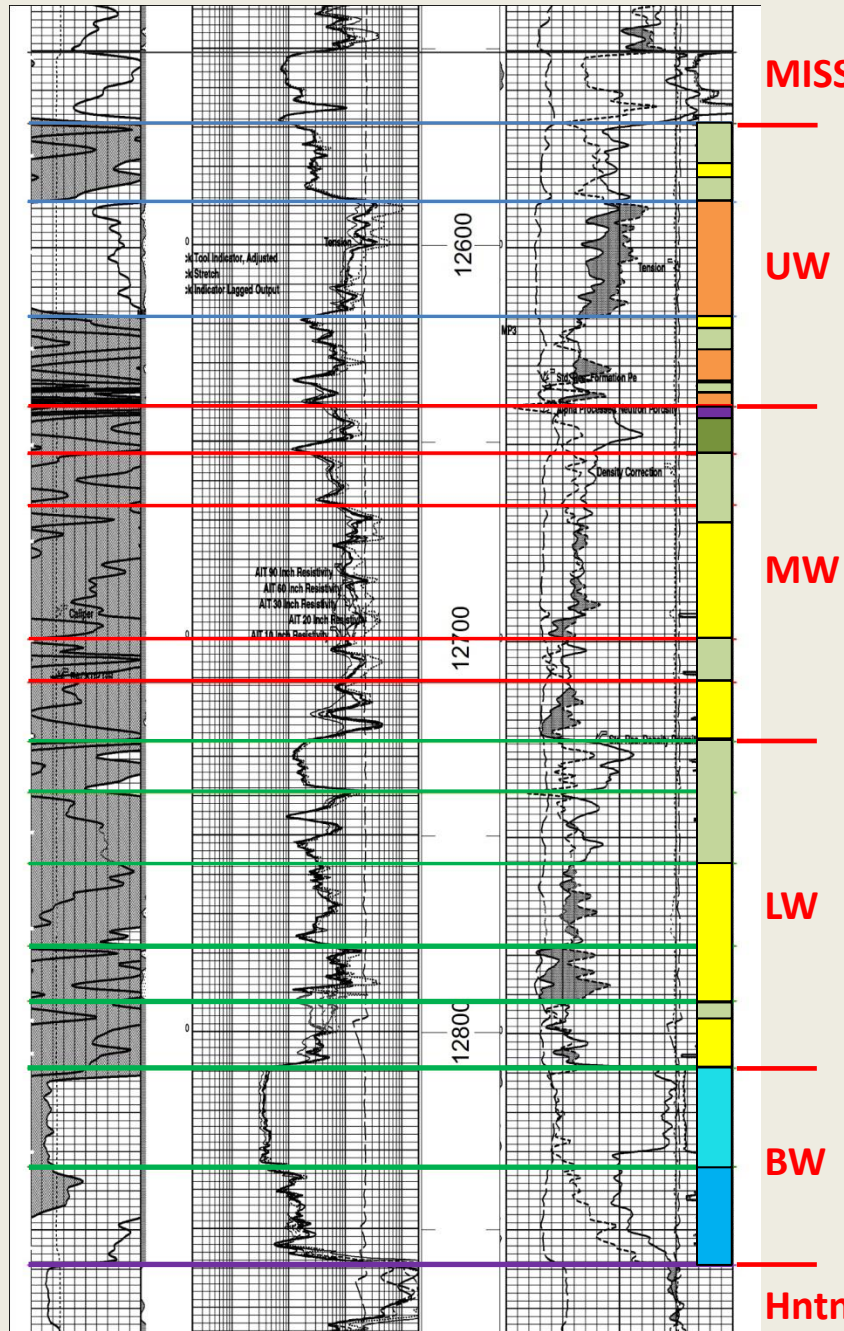
# Woodford Lithostratigraphy Anadarko Basin Woodford Play Core Area

Siliceous  
mudrock

Clayey,  
siliceous  
mudrock

Clayey  
mudrock

Organic-  
poor  
clayey  
mudrock



WDFD Thk. 290'





## **Frac' Success and Woodford Rock Types**

<b>ROCK TYPE</b>	<b>% QUARTZ</b>	<b>% CLAY</b>	<b>% SUCCESS</b>
<b>Siliceous mudrock</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Clayey, siliceous mudrock</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>86</b>
<b>Clayey mudrock</b>	<b>40.6</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>53</b>

**Successful frac' defined as one in which >75% of planned proppant amount was placed.**

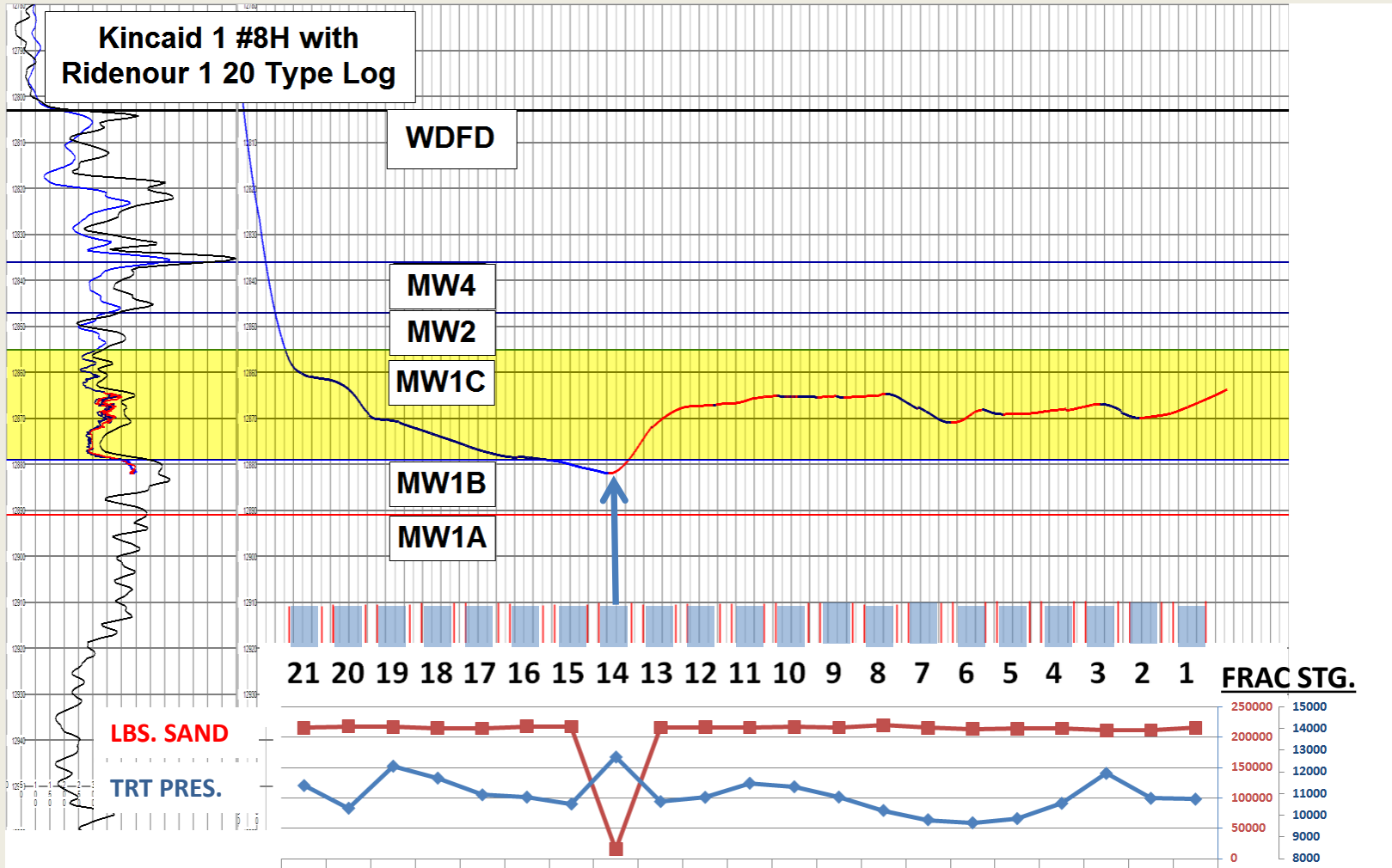
## Frac' Success and Woodford Rock Types

ROCK TYPE	% QUARTZ	% CLAY	% DOLOMITE	% Success, Pre-HF	% Success, w/ HF
Siliceous mudrock	75.2	14.5	2.8	100	100
Clayey, siliceous mudrock	54.8	27.4	3.6	86	94
Clayey mudrock	40.6	38	5.0	53	80

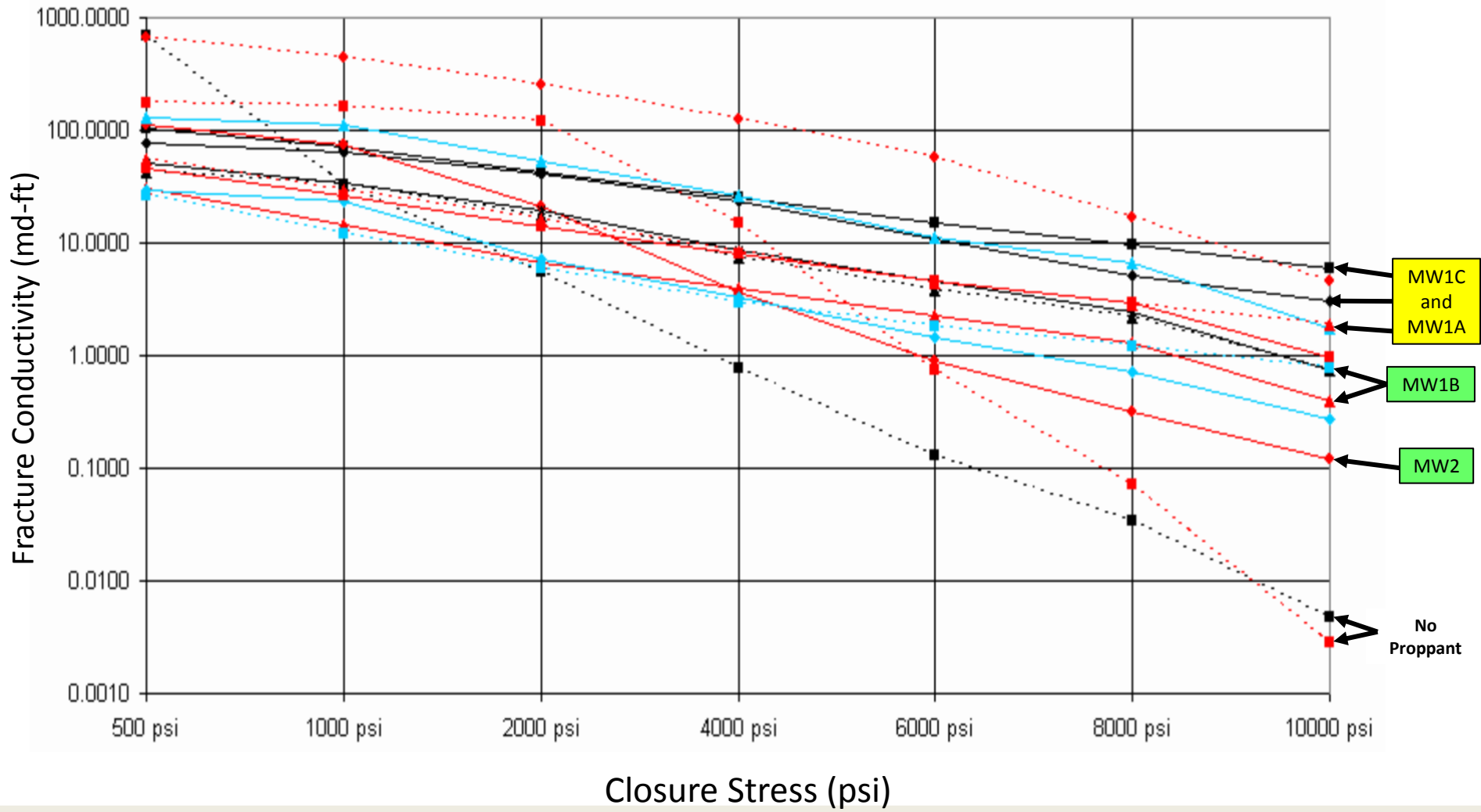
Successful frac' defined as one in which >75% of planned proppant amount was placed.  
Table drawn from 906 frac stages.



# Well Path Showing Woodford Lithostratigraphy and Lateral Placement

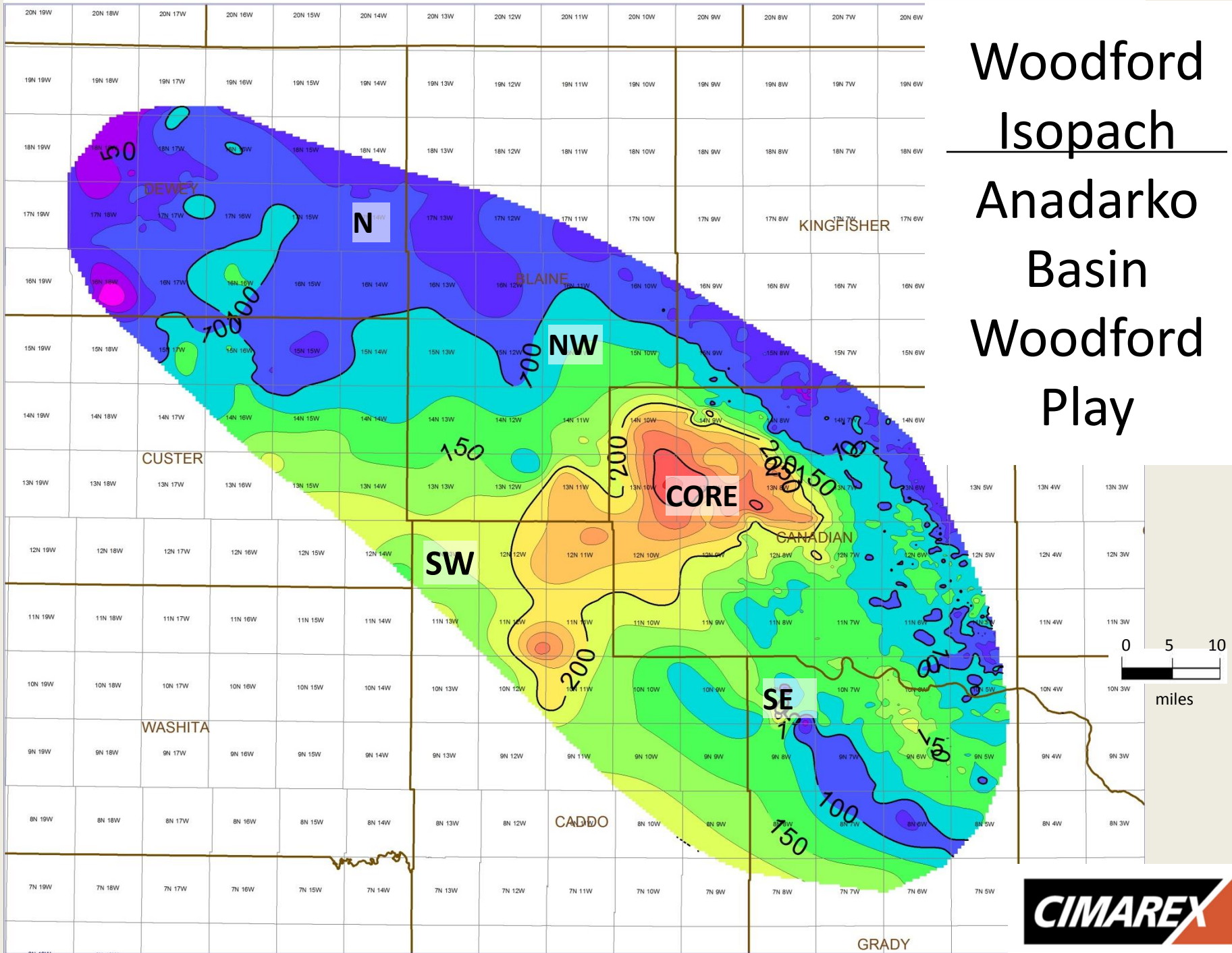


# Fracture Conductivity versus increasing Closure Stress – 40/70 PRC Proppant



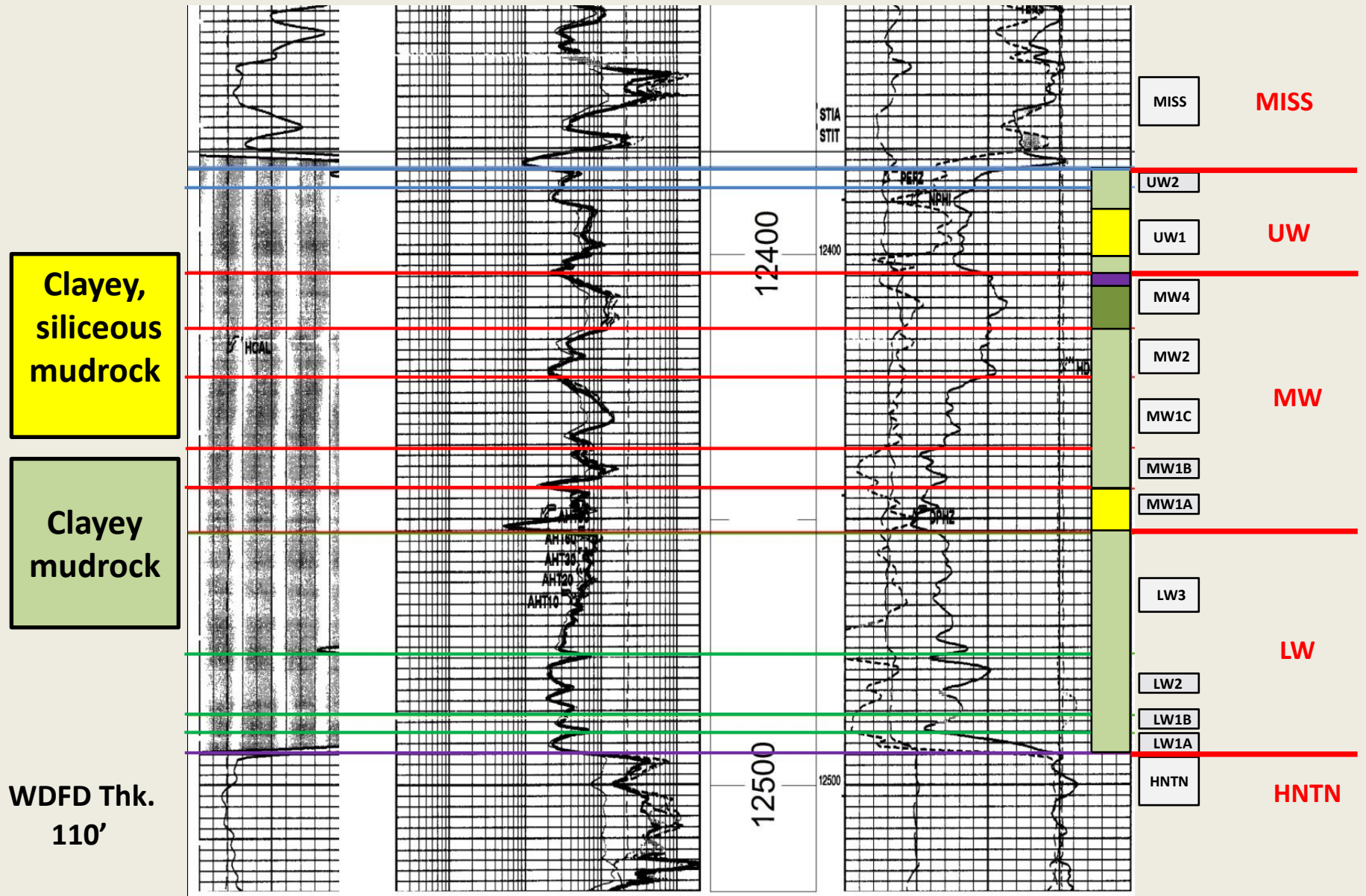


# Woodford Isopach Anadarko Basin Woodford Play



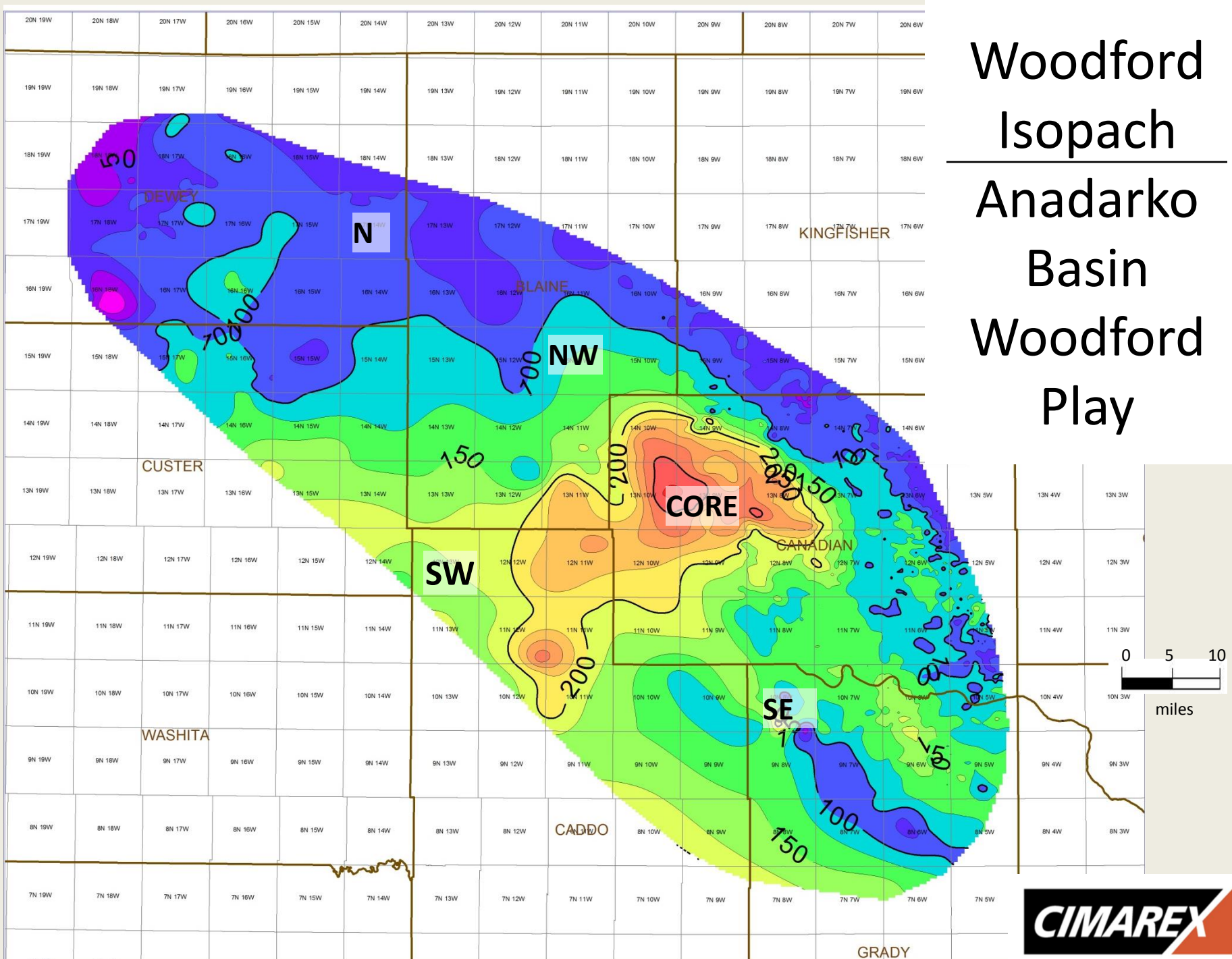
# Woodford Lithostratigraphy Anadarko Basin

## Woodford Play - SE Area





# Woodford Isopach Anadarko Basin Woodford Play



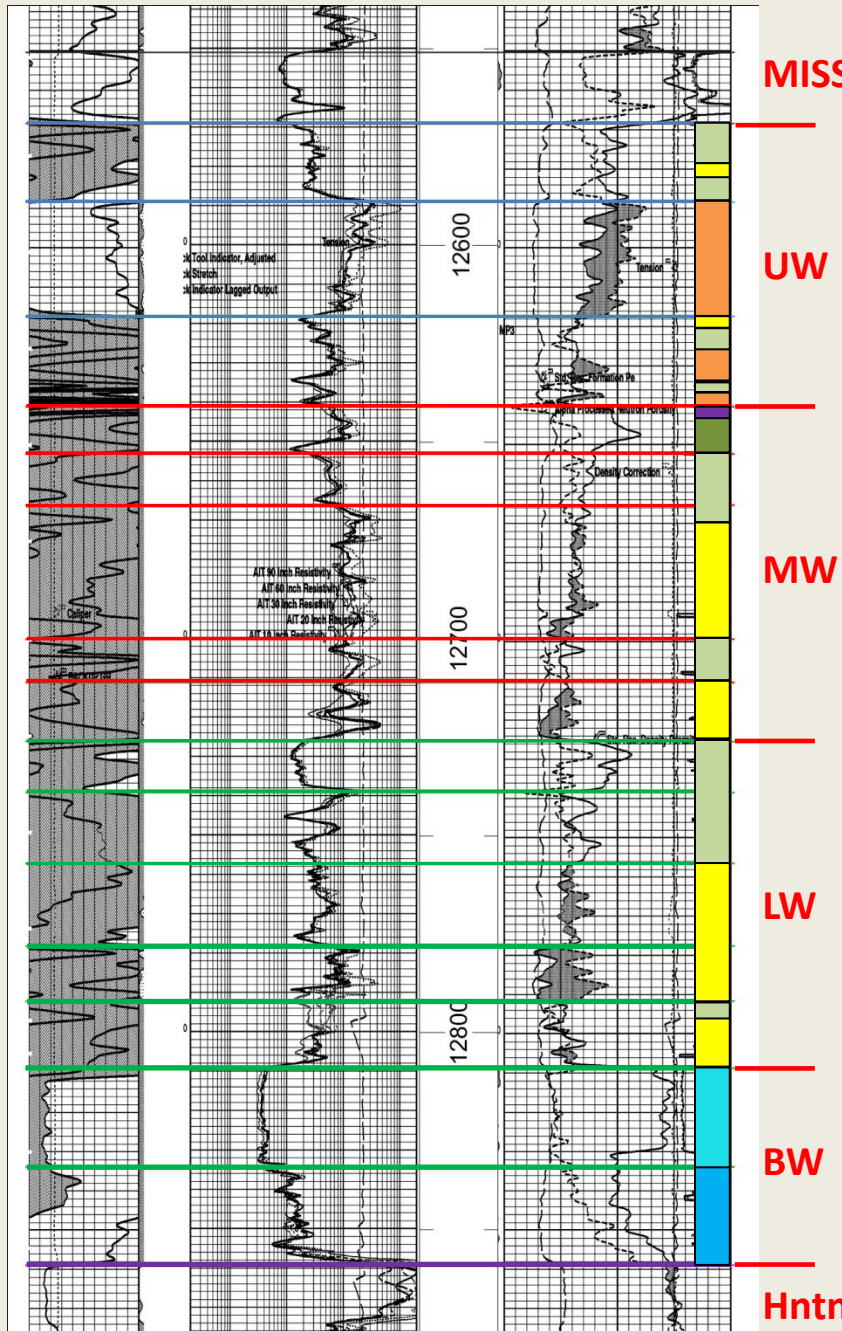
# Woodford Lithostratigraphy Anadarko Basin Woodford Play Core Area

Siliceous  
mudrock

Clayey,  
siliceous  
mudrock

Clayey  
mudrock

Organic-  
poor  
clayey  
mudrock

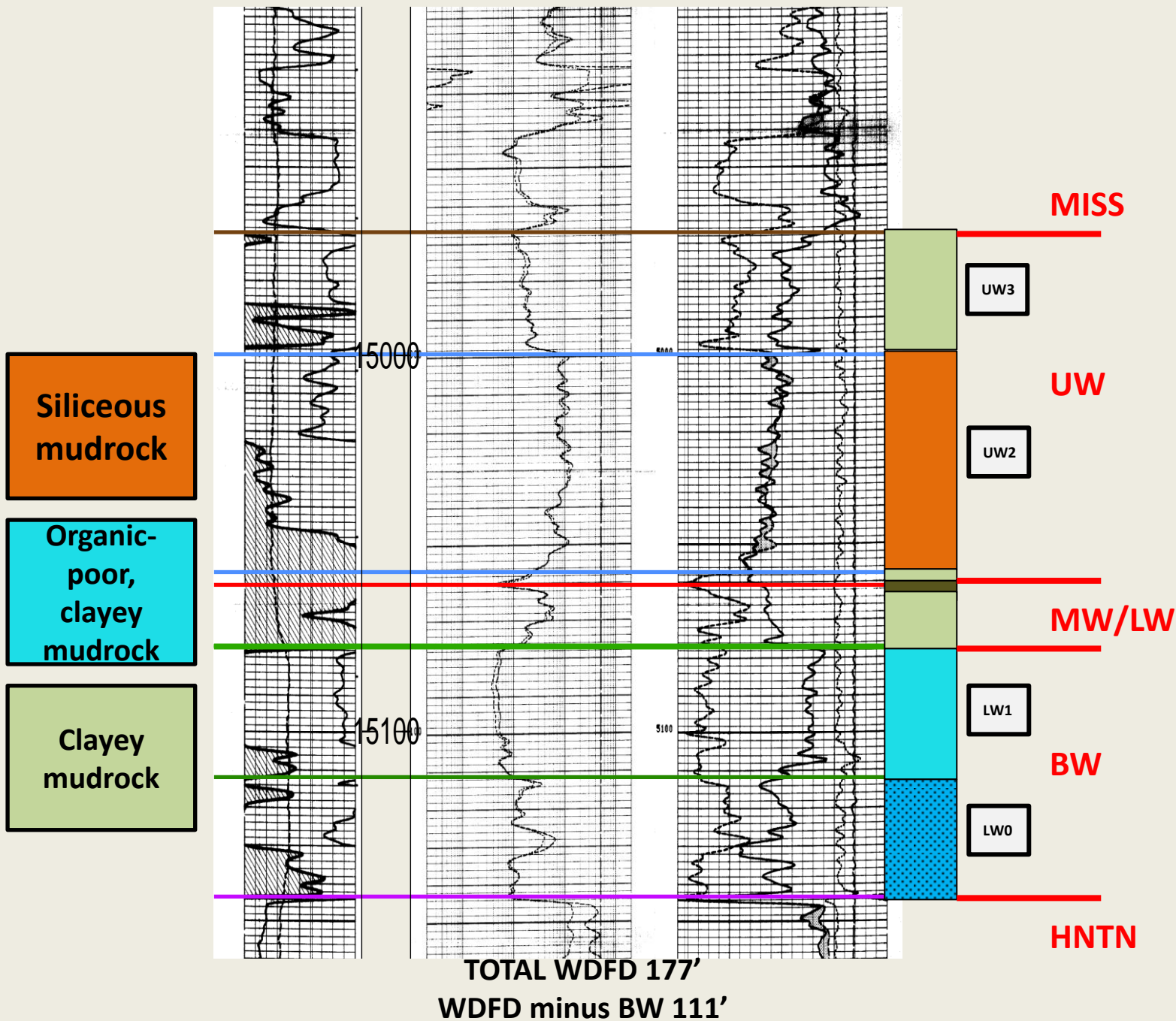


WDFD Thk. 290'

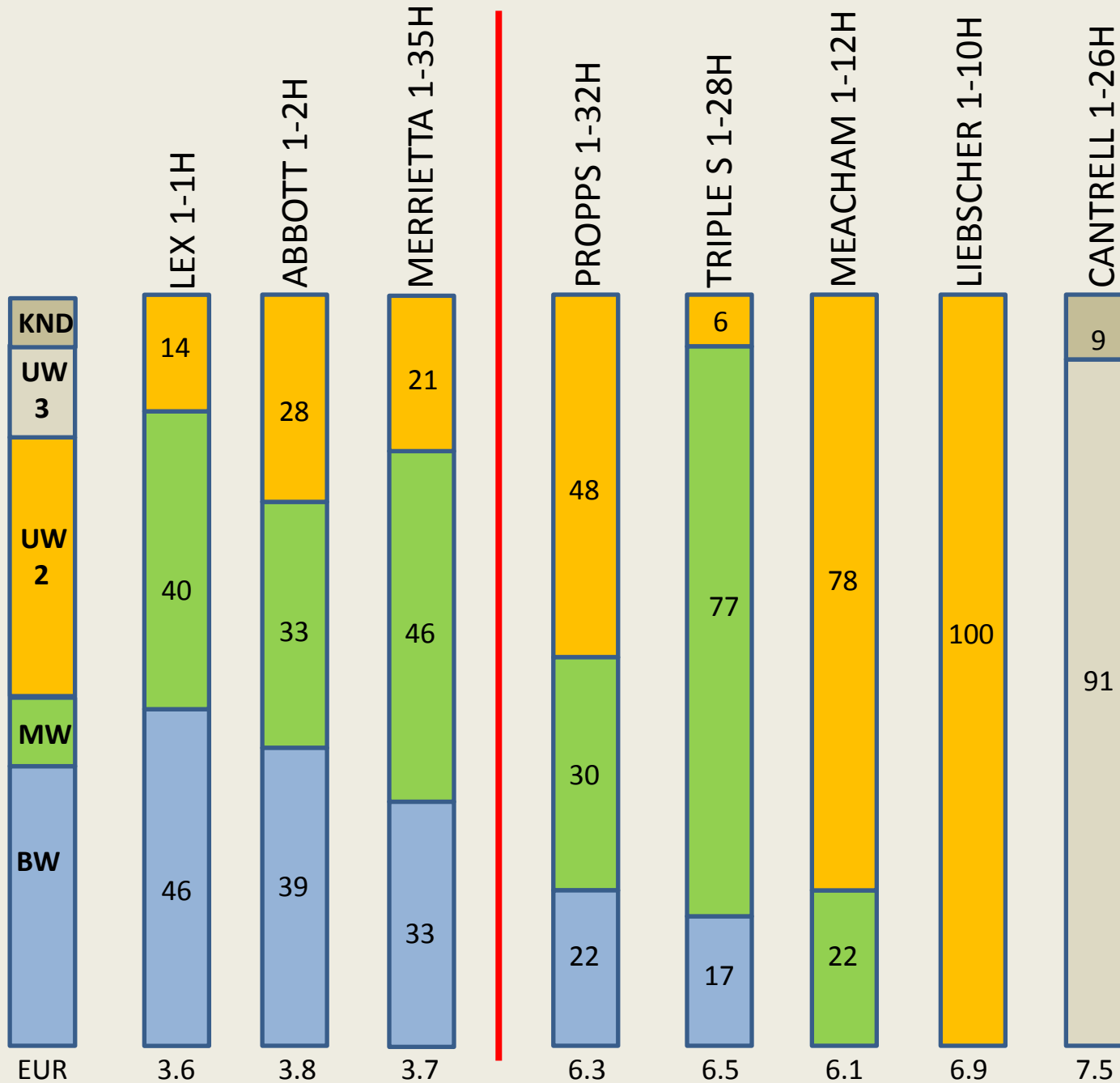




# SW AREA



# Lateral Placement and EUR- CANA SW



## CONCLUSIONS:

Seven mudrock lithologies are defined, primarily on mineral content and percent TOC, and a mechanical/lithostratigraphic model is established for the central part of the Anadarko Woodford Play.

Core and frac' data indicate that quartz-rich mudrocks and clay-rich mudrocks have distinctively different mechanical properties. Clay-rich mudrocks commonly treat at higher pressures and proppant placement can be challenging.

Embedment studies demonstrate lower fracture conductivity in more clay-rich lithologies compared to those observed in more silica-rich rock.

Regional work shows that in the SE Cana area decreased Woodford thickness and an overall increase in percent of clay-rich lithologies is associated with decreased well performance.

In the SW Cana area a relationship appears to exist between lateral placement and EURs.

An important part of any Woodford completion program should be the discussion of lateral placement.

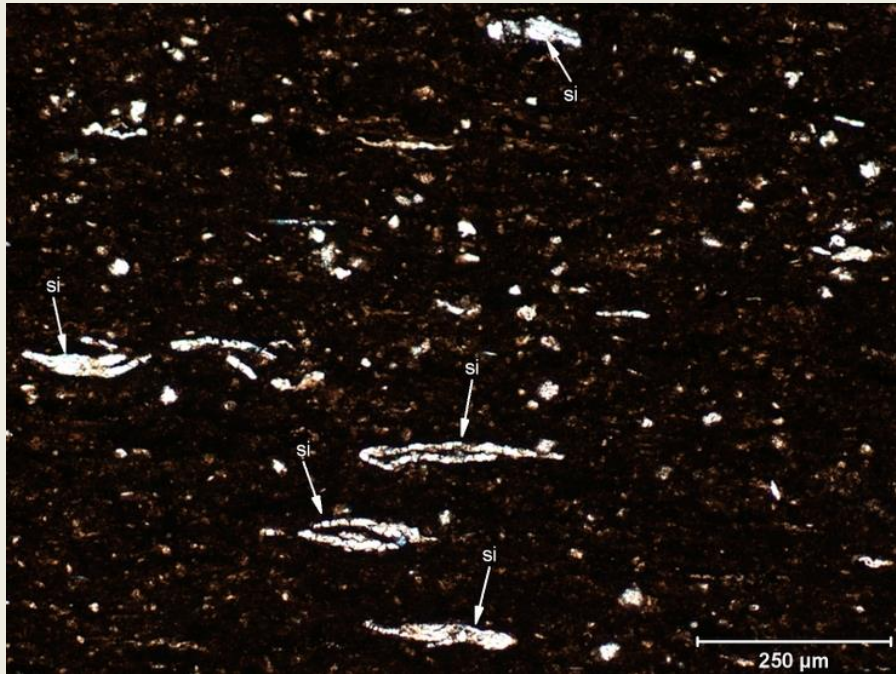


A photograph of a rock wall, possibly a tunnel or a mine, showing various geological layers. The wall is composed of large, reddish-brown blocks of rock, likely sandstone or limestone, which are separated by thin, dark, shaly layers of sedimentary rock. The overall appearance is that of a layered, stratified rock formation. A central text box is overlaid on the image, containing the text "Rock Stuff".

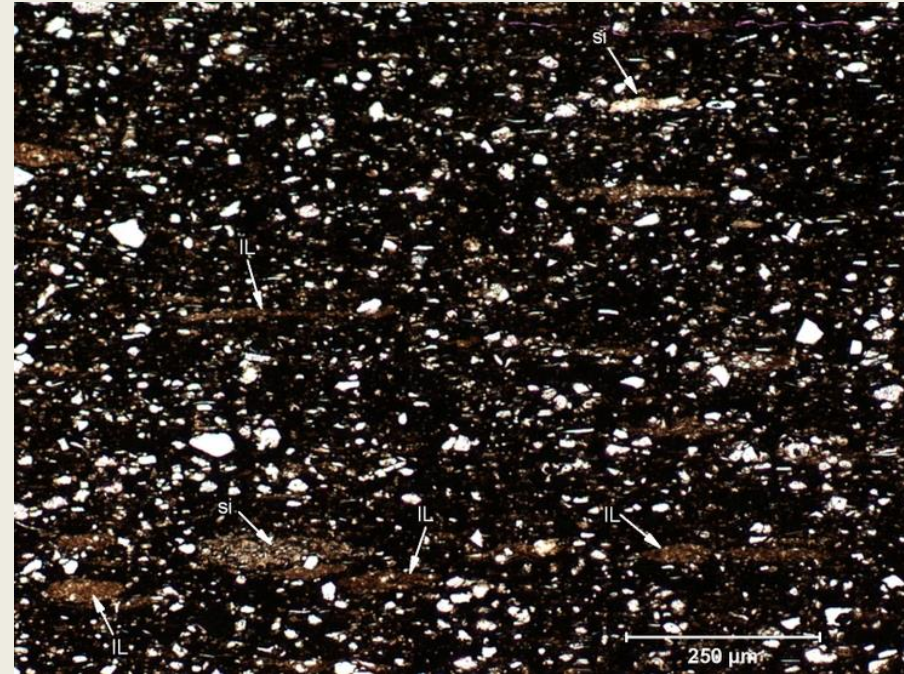
**Rock Stuff**



# Thin Section Photomicrographs of Woodford Rock Types



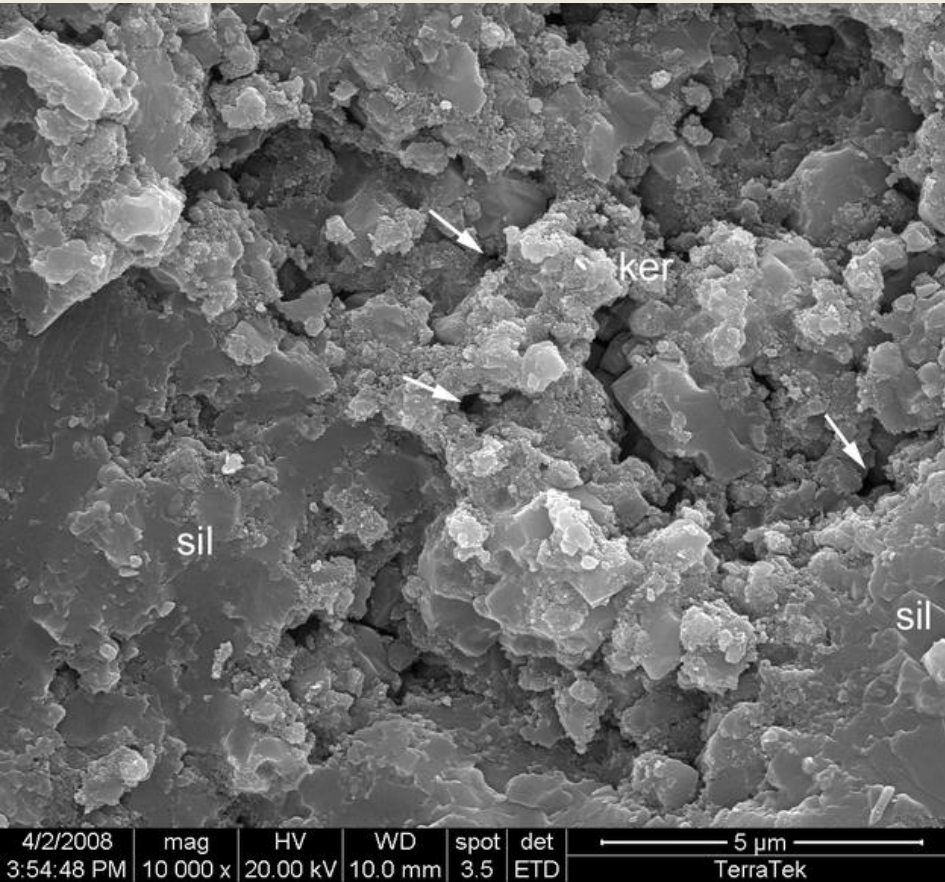
**UW1 sample showing silicified Tasmanites; sample is 64% quartz and 21% clay. Siliceous mudrock lithology.**



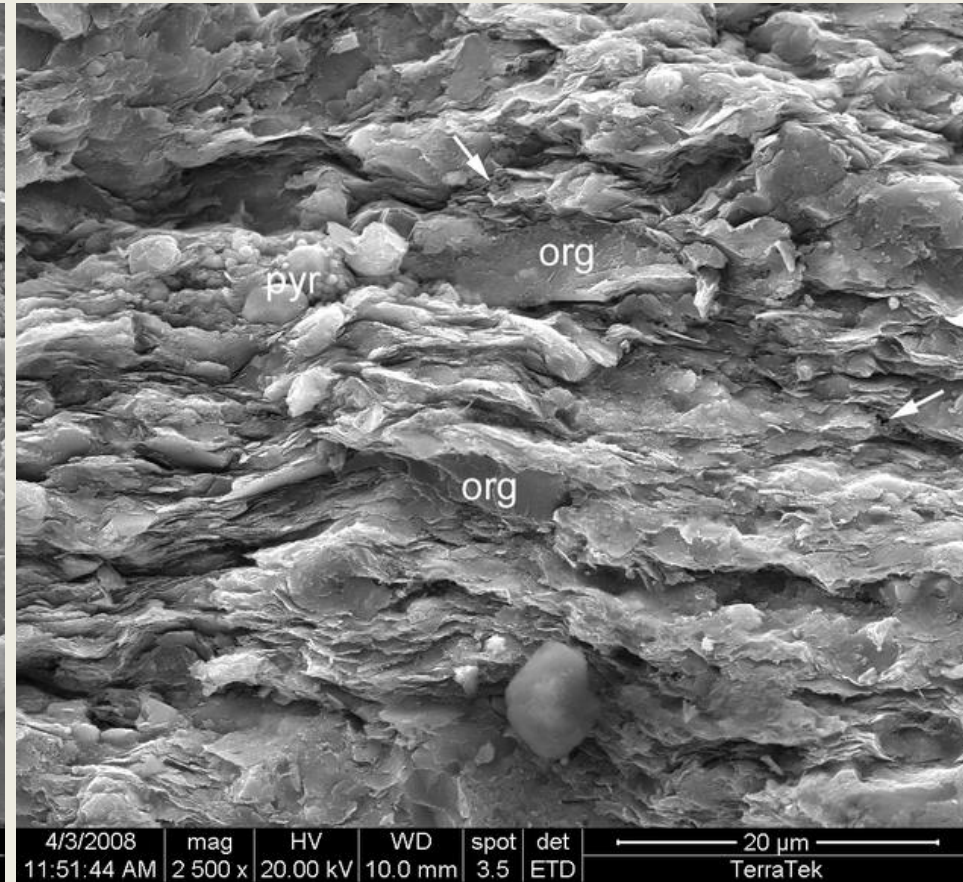
**MW1B sample showing detrital silt; sample is 34% quartz and 38% clay. Clayey mudrock lithology.**



# SEM Photomicrographs of Woodford Microfabrics

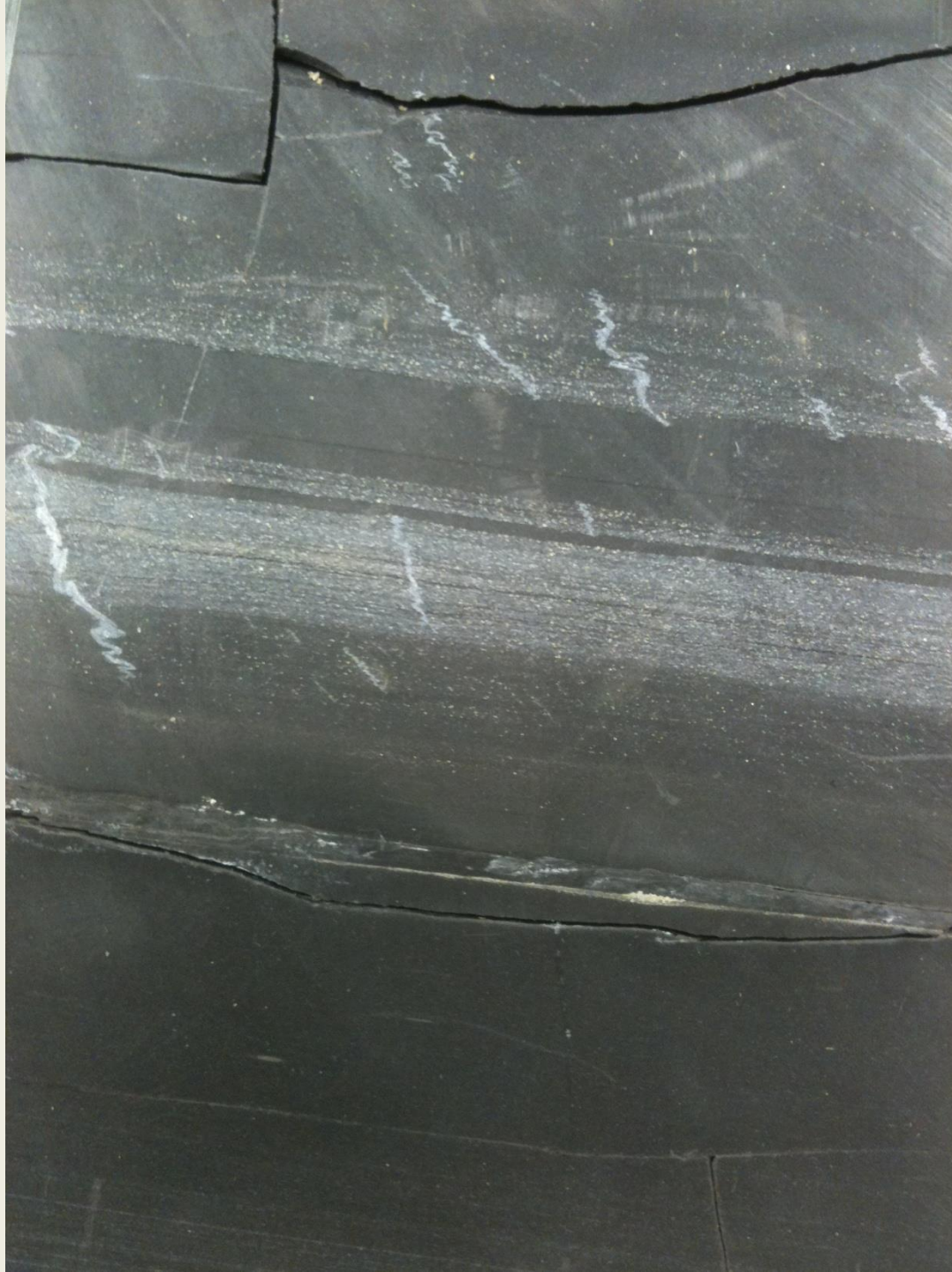


**UW2 sample showing microcrystalline silica with intercrystalline porosity; sample is 76% quartz and 18% clay. Siliceous mudrock lithology.**



**MW4 sample showing parallel alignment of illite clay; sample is 26% quartz and 44% clay. Clayey mudrock lithology.**





**Bed-limited  
dolomite-cemented  
fractures in thin  
silicic layers**

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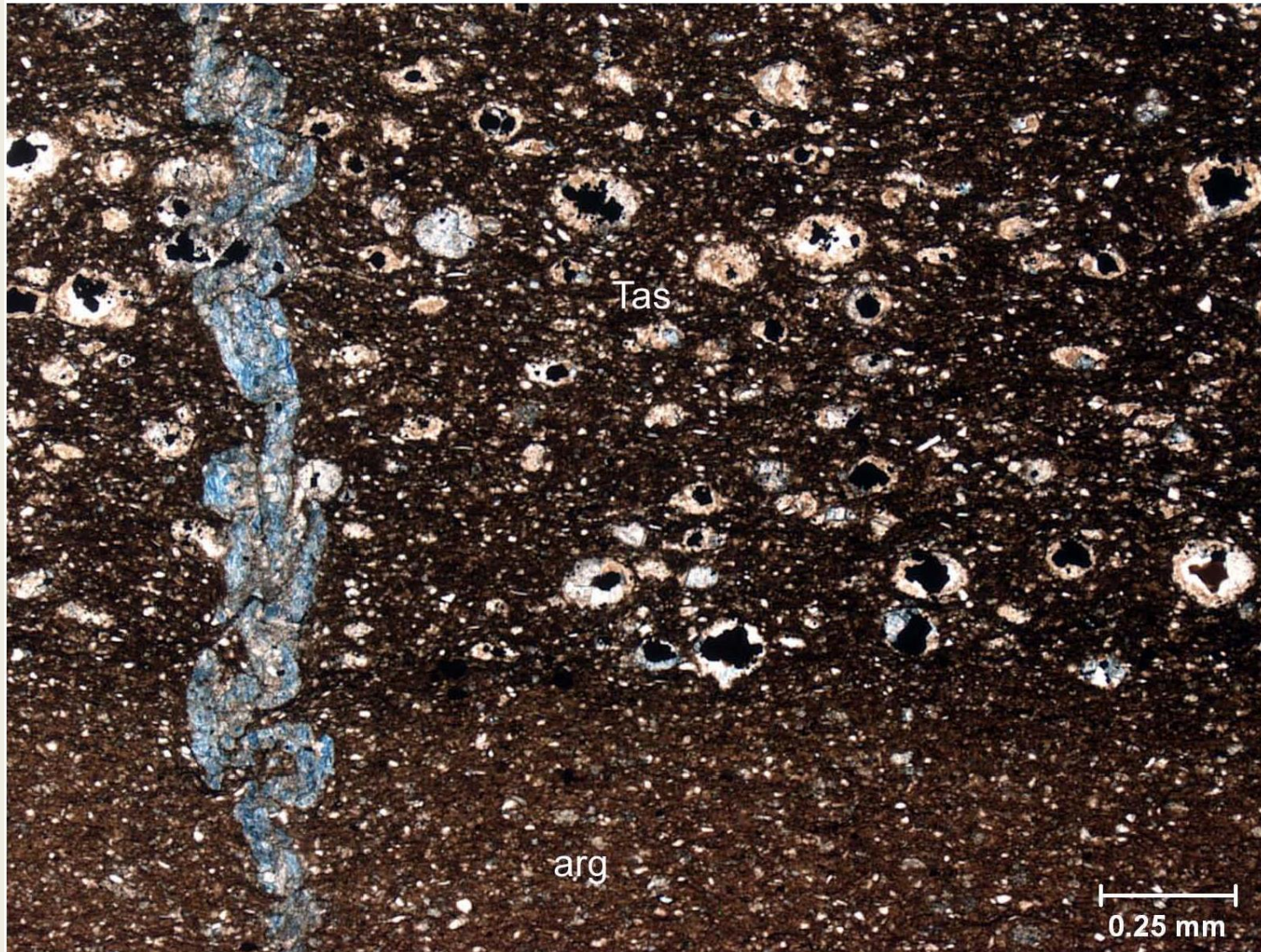
**Siliceous mudrock  
lithology**





# Silicic laminae with dolomite-cemented fracture

## Siliceous mudrock lithology



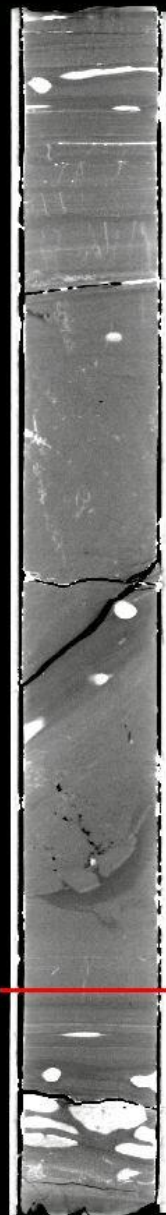
[inches]

30

20

10

0



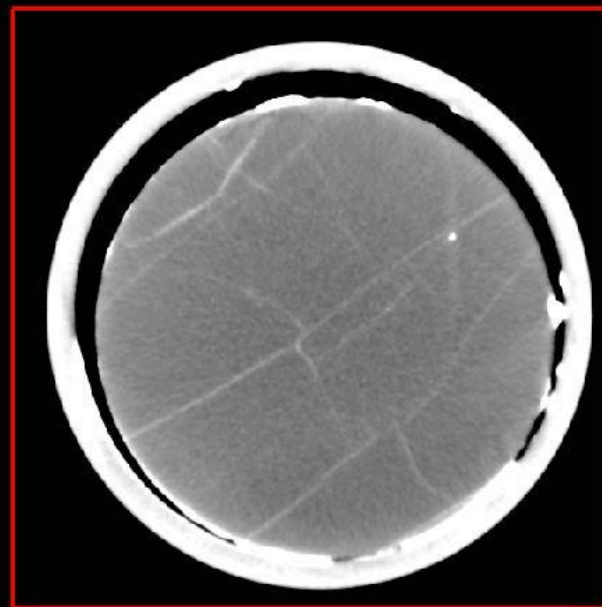
16214.00 Feet

16217.00

Cimarex Energy Company  
Flanigin 1-20H  
Woodford Shale

Caddo County, OK, USA

HH-50217



0 1 2 3 4 5 [inches]

1038

1561

2084



[inches]

16214.00 Feet

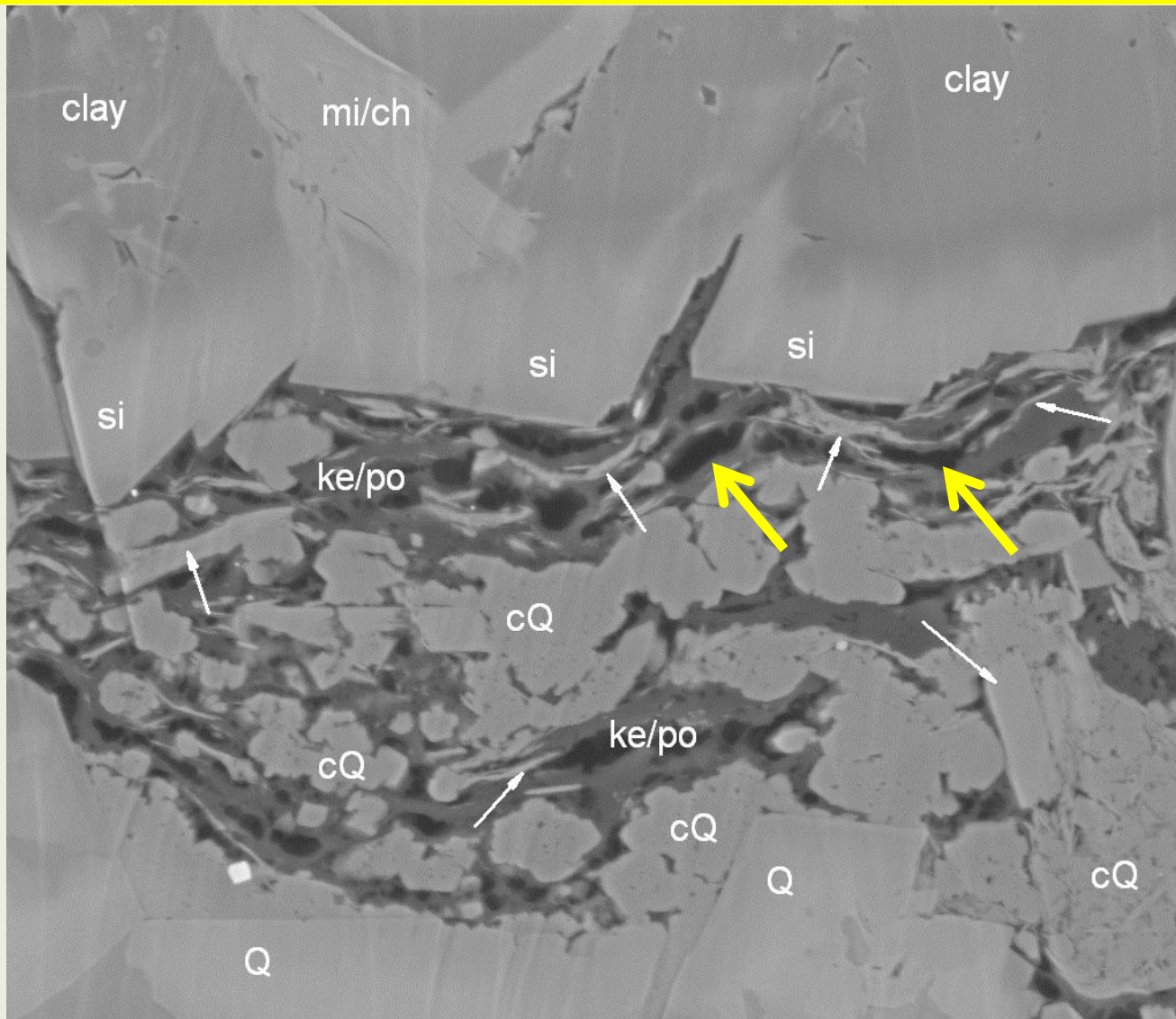
30


20



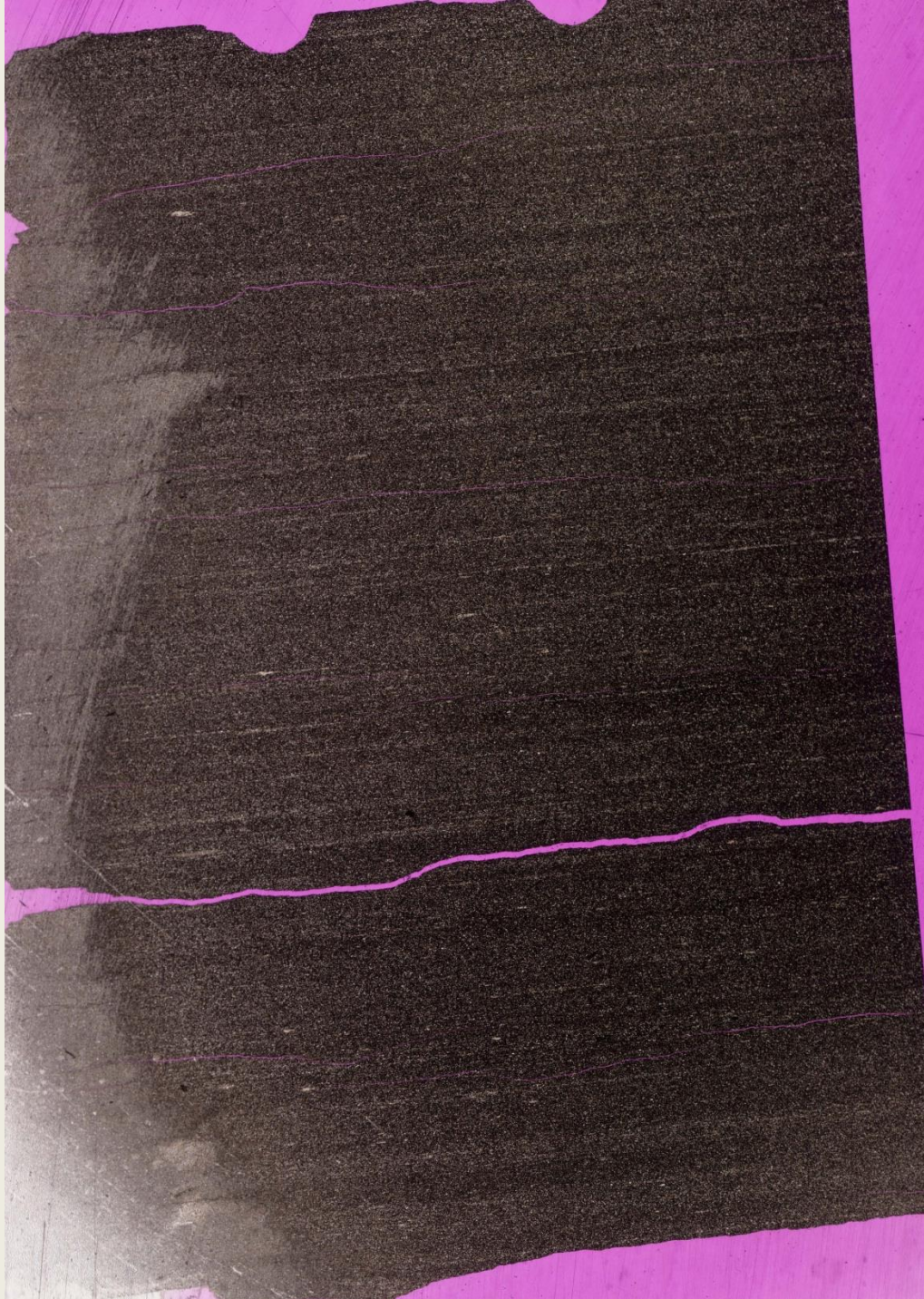
# Porosity in organic laminae

## Clayey siliceous mudrock



	WD	HFW	Landing E	det	mode	mag	5 μm TerraTek
	4.2 mm	20.4 μm	5.00 keV	vCD	None	15 000 x	



A photograph of a dark, layered rock sample, likely a clayey mudrock, showing parallel lamination. The rock is cut into thin, horizontal layers, with a prominent, slightly wavy layer near the bottom. The rock is set against a light-colored background.

## Parallel lamination in Clayey mudrock lithofacies

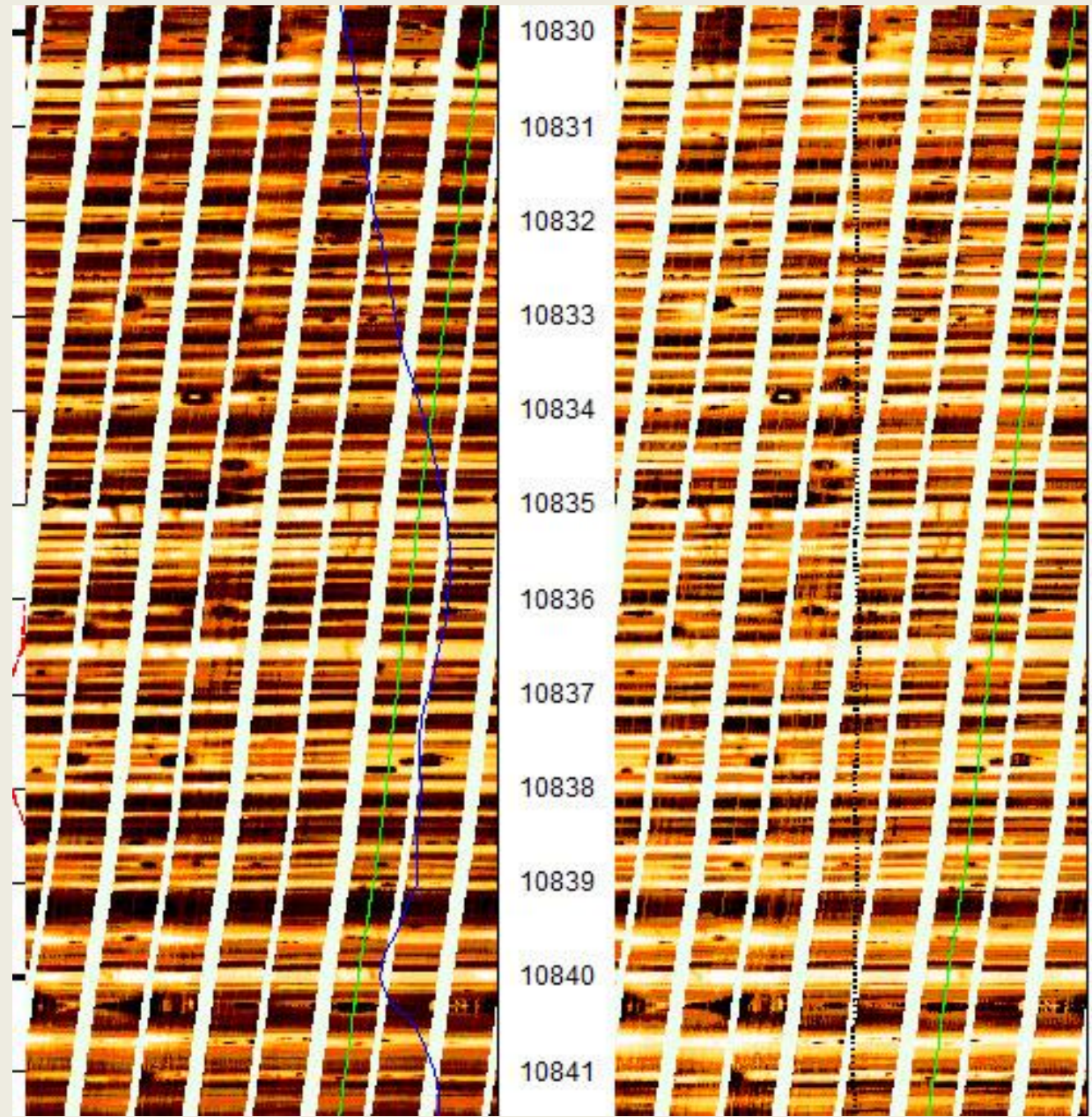


13115

**Bioturbated bed  
Clayey mudrock  
lithofacies**

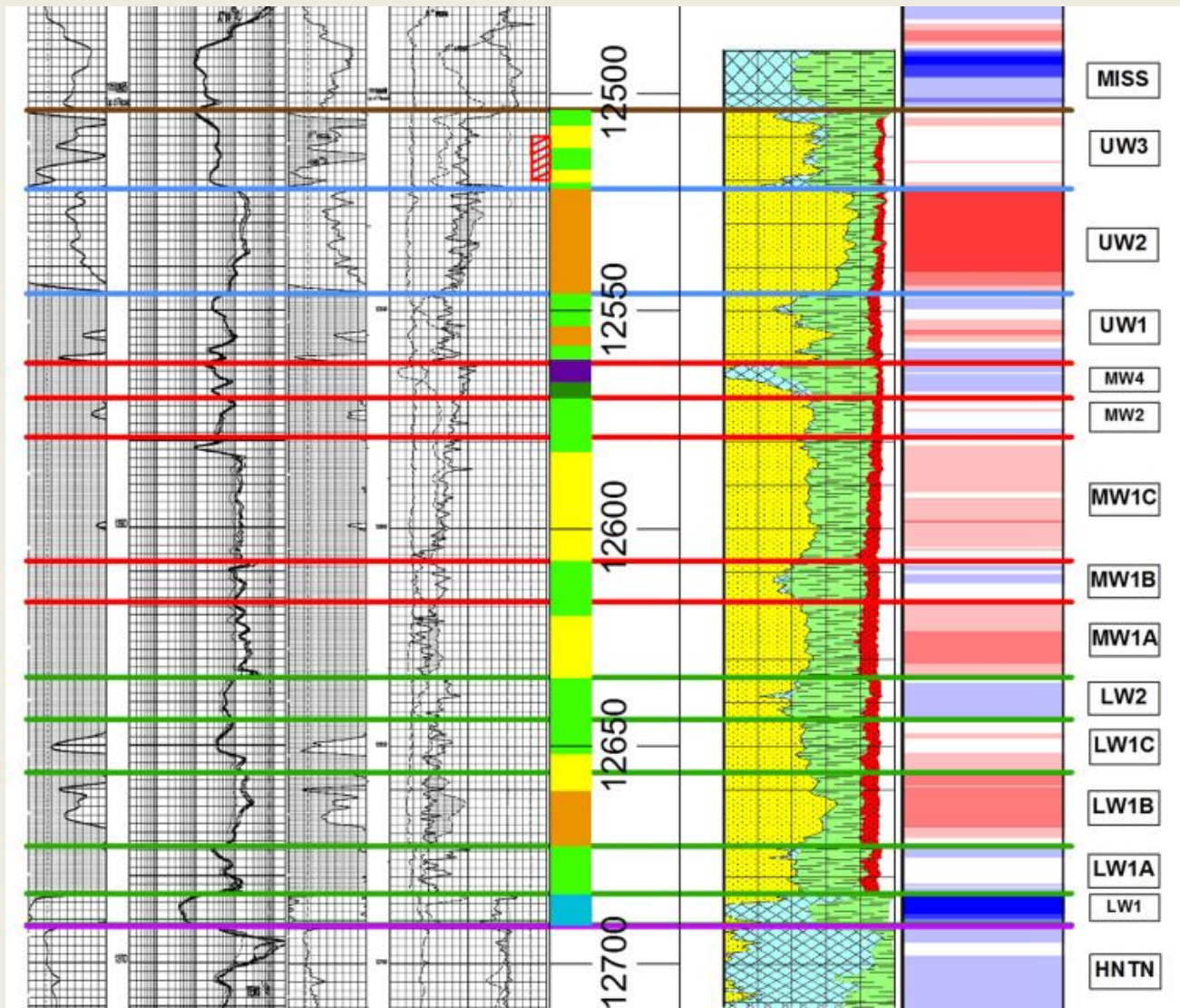


**Image Log of  
Thin-Bedded  
Upper Woodford**





# Woodford Lithostratigraphy With Sonic Scanner Data



TOTAL\_WDFD : 187 FT  
TD : 12,800

Siliceous mudrock

Clayey mudrock

Clayey, siliceous  
mudrock

Dolomitic,  
clayey mudrock

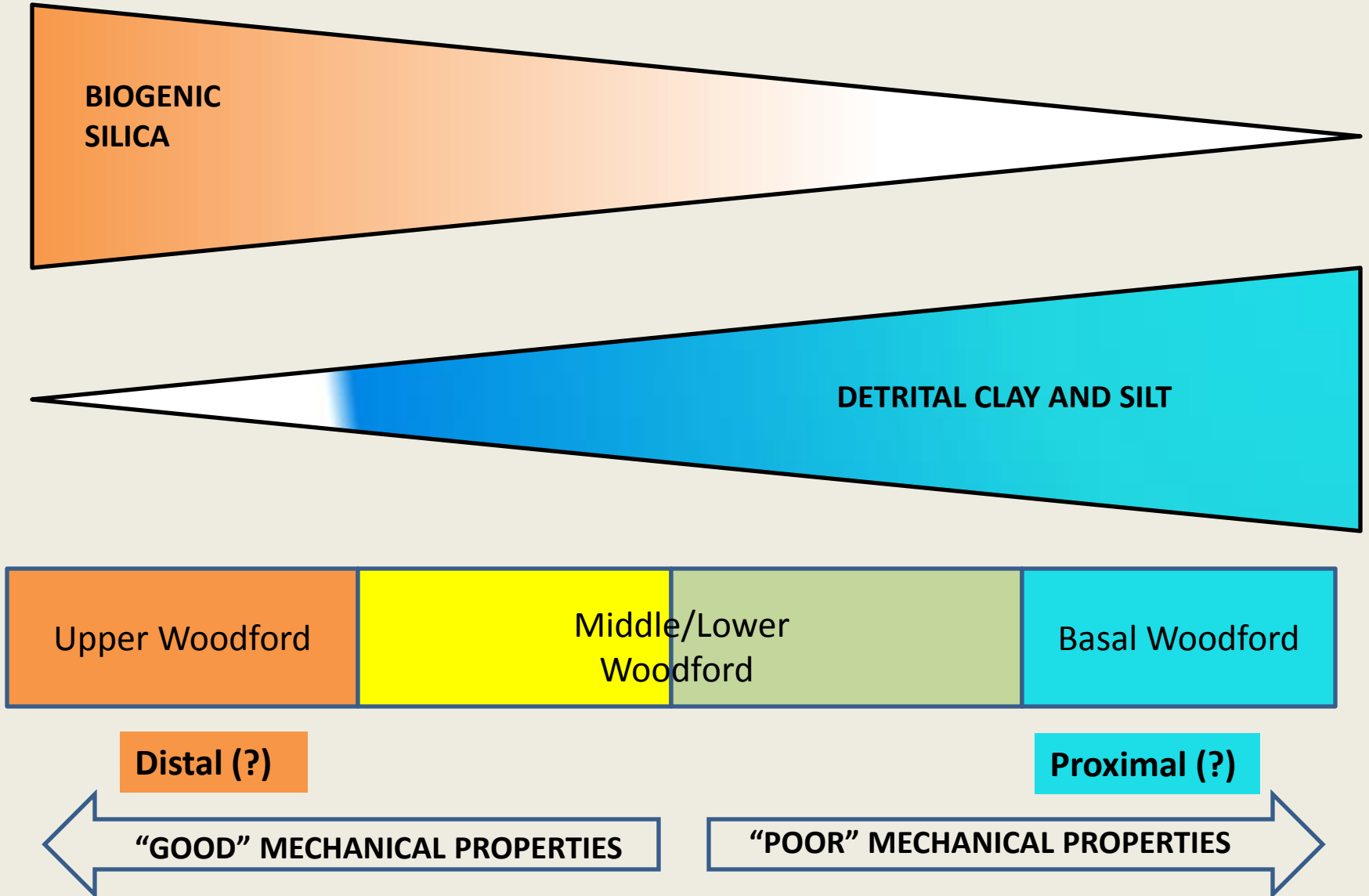
Organic-poor,  
clayey mudrock

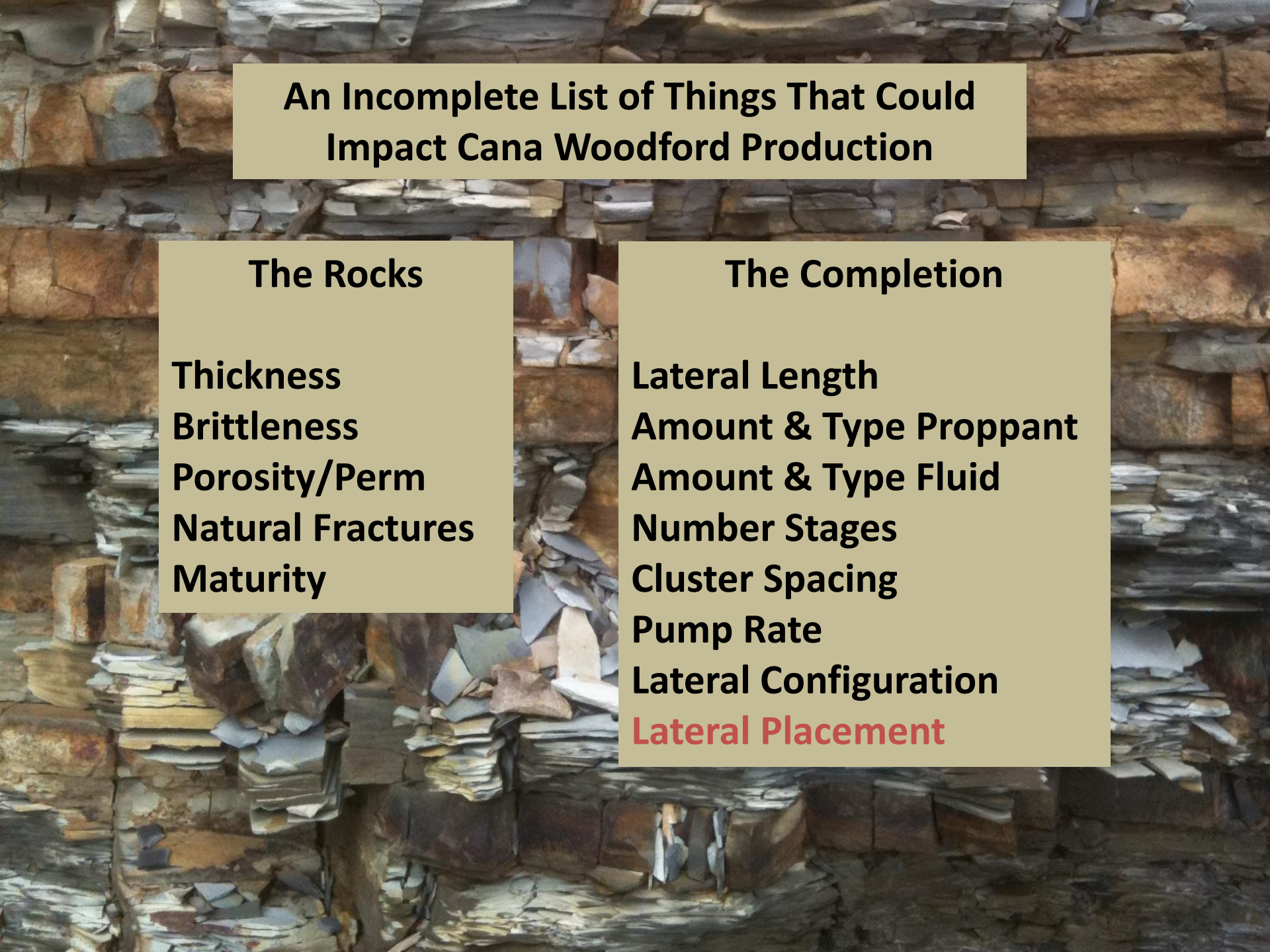
Organic-poor,  
clayey mudrock (II)

Pyritic, organic-rich  
clayey mudrock



# Woodford Lithofacies





# An Incomplete List of Things That Could Impact Cana Woodford Production

## The Rocks

- Thickness
- Brittleness
- Porosity/Perm
- Natural Fractures
- Maturity

## The Completion

- Lateral Length
- Amount & Type Proppant
- Amount & Type Fluid
- Number Stages
- Cluster Spacing
- Pump Rate
- Lateral Configuration
- Lateral Placement



**Siliceous mudrock**

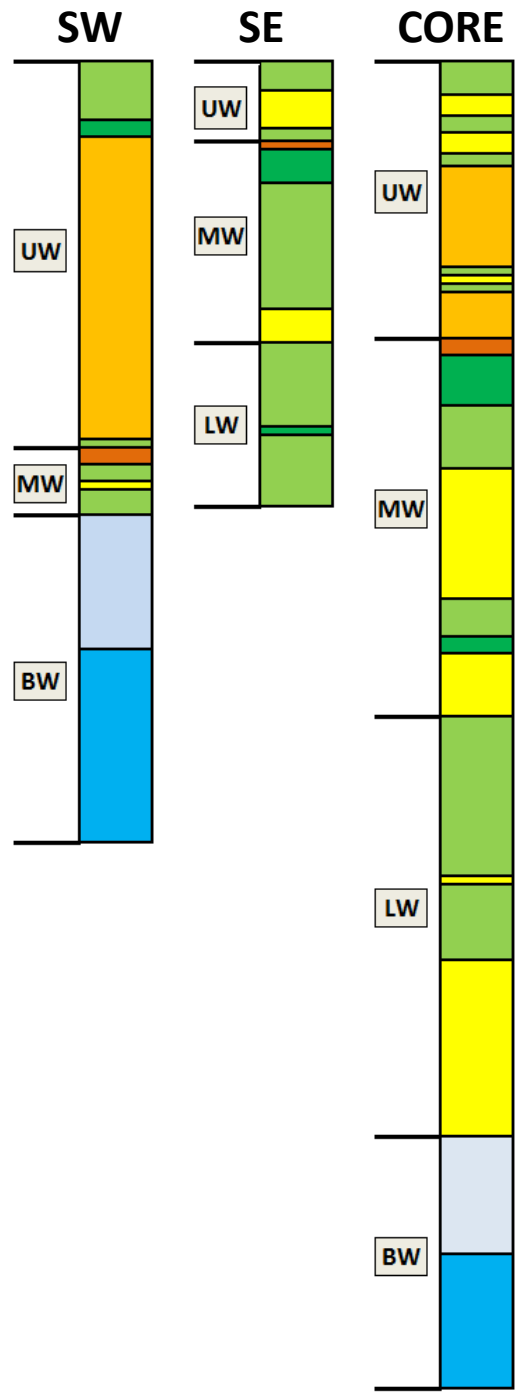
**Clayey, siliceous mudrock**

**Clayey mudrock**

**Dolomitic, Clayey mudrock**

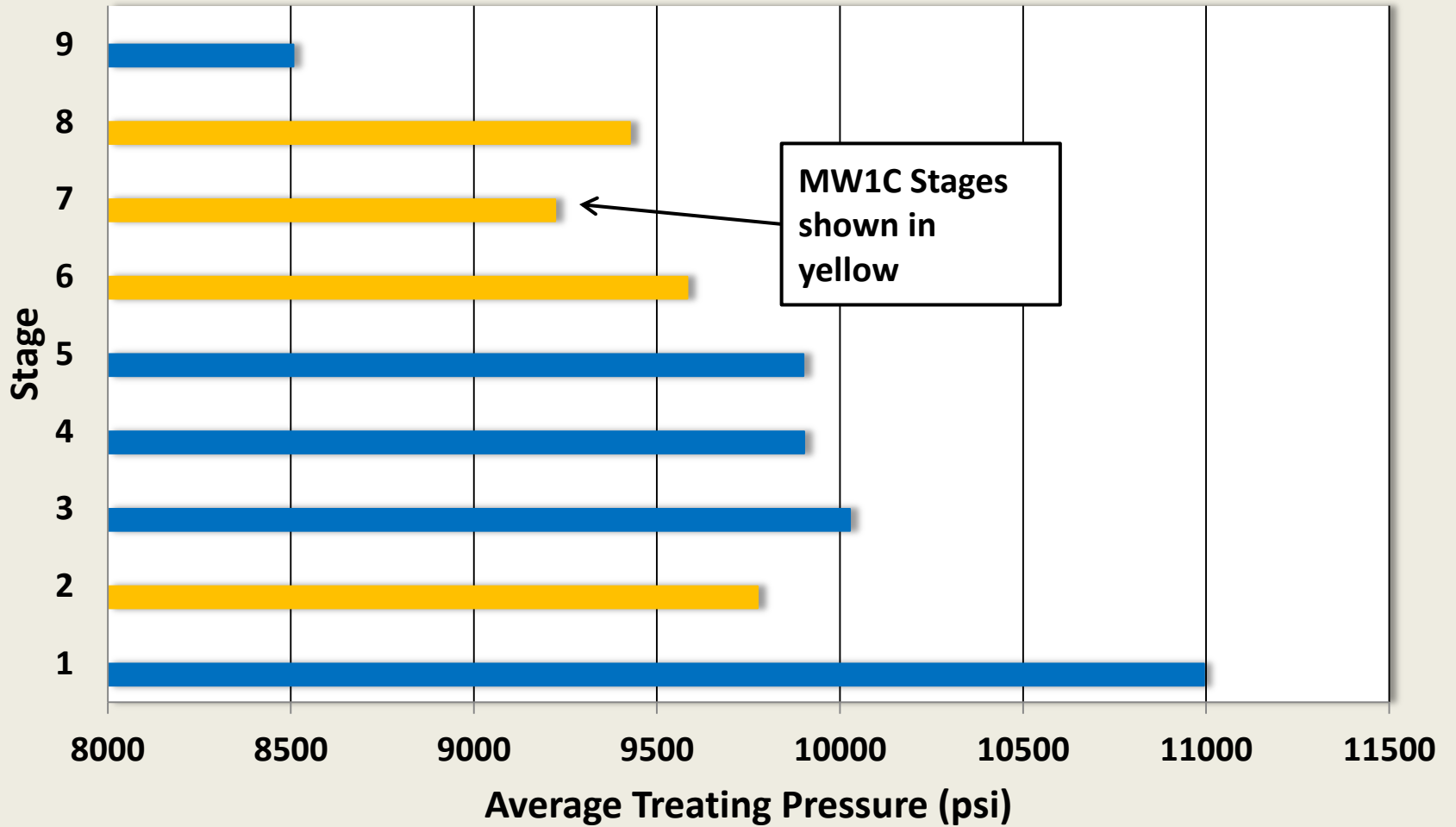
**Organic-poor clayey mudrock**

**Organic-poor clayey mudrock II**



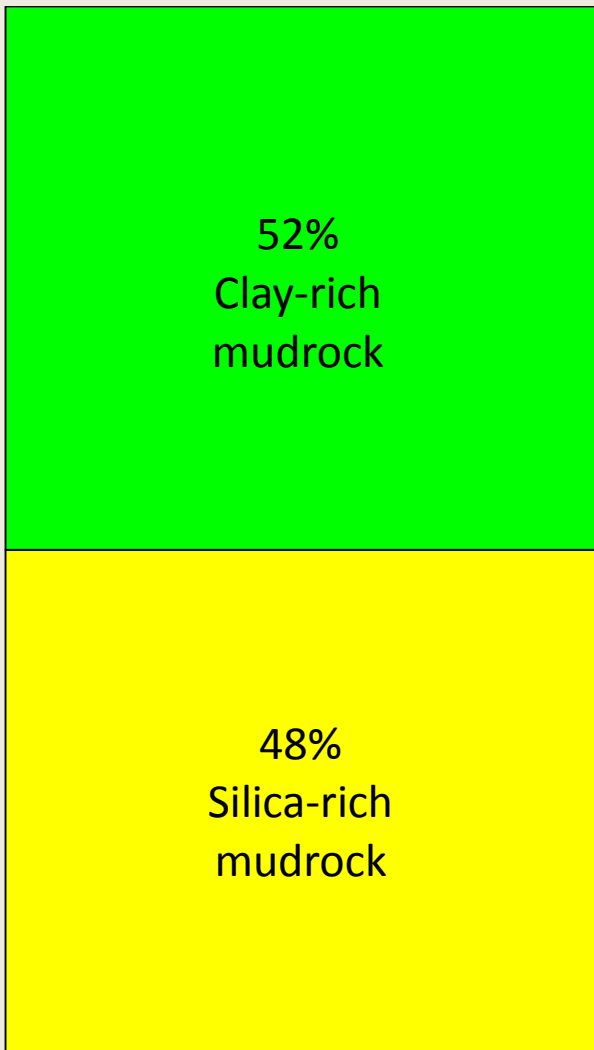
**Regional Stratigraphic Variability Anadarko Woodford Play**

## Average Treating Pressure of Woodford Stages, Dixie 1-4H



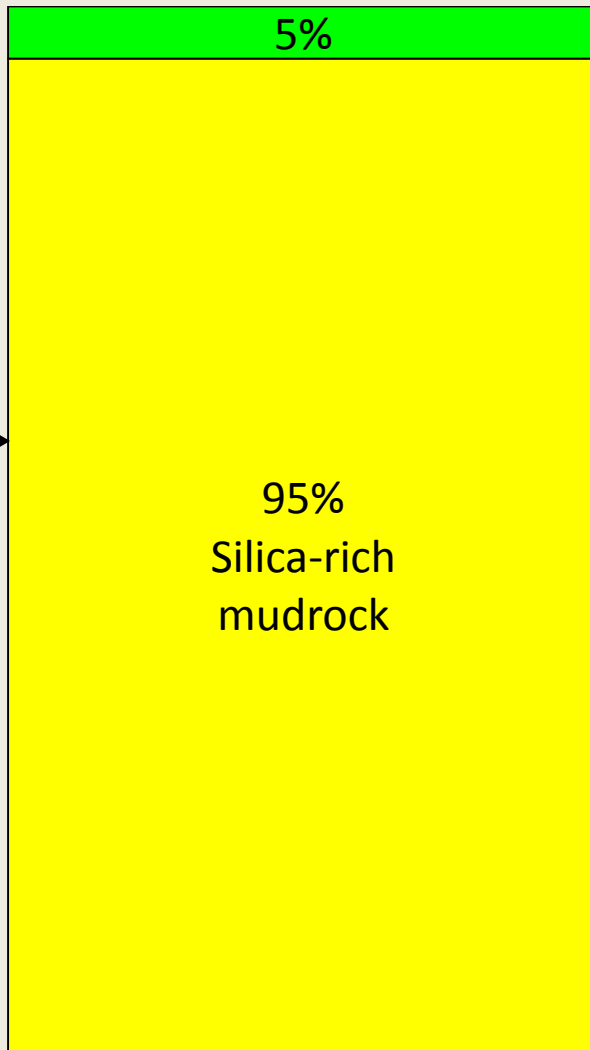


WELL 1-4H  
EUR 6.4 BCF



187 MB SW  
1.5 MM#  
4128'/9 stgs

WELL 1-3H  
EUR 8.83 BCF



186 MB SW  
1.5 MM#  
4087'/9 stgs

~2200'

# Woodford Isopach Anadarko Basin Woodford Play

